The Columbian.

OL 27. BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1892. NO. 41

Violation of Liquor Laws.

In the case of the Commonwealth inst J. S. Mann, charged with selling beer to minors, tried in court last k Thursday, Judge Ikeler charged jury as follows:

GENTLEMEN OF THE JURY:—The fendant, John S. Mann, stands be- you charged in this indictment th having, on the twenty-third day January last, sold intoxicating uors to minors—persons under enty one years of age.

Under the act of 1887, the penalty such a violation of law is a fine of less than one hundred dollars and, the discretion of the court, revoca- n of license. The court may re- ke the license, or may not; but the e is imperative.

The court and the jury are here der their oath to see that the laws e observed, the proper penalty violation of any law is enforced.

The defendant's license to retail in- icating liquors was obtained by m from this court by compliance on s part with the law of the common- alth under which such license is anted; he paid for it, it is a part of s property, and he is entitled to hold unless he has forfeited his right by on-observance of the law under hich he obtained it.

It appears in the case, without any spute, that the defendant did sell to least three of the persons named in is indictment (two of them shown to ave been at the time, and to be now, inors) beer, on the day laid in the dictment.

In cases of this kind, the law re- uires that the charge be made speci- ically—that the days and times should e set forth in the indictment, that he names of the persons to whom the leged sales were made should be entioned, if known to the inquest, nd that the proof should be confined o the allegation as made in the bill found.

If it were alleged in this indictment hat the defendant had sold "at divers other times before and afterwards," hen the defendant would have been entitled to a bill of particulars, and, if that had been duly furnished him by the commonwealth, proof might have been made in accordance with such bill.

However, it is scarcely necessary in this case to comment upon these mat- ters as they are not here involved.

The supreme court of this com- monwealth, in reviewing the decisions of the lower courts, has gone very far, we think to place a strict and harsh construction upon this act of 1887, against the hotel keeper. We will give you the language of the supreme court:

"It appeared in the evidence that the respondent had sold beer to two minors. The respondent was sworn and admitted in his testimony that he had sold beer to the two minors men- tioned. His excuse was that their ap- pearance indicated that they were of full age, and as a precaution before selling, he asked their age; that he had sold to them in good faith, fully believing them to be of full age. Con- ceding all this the supreme court says it is no excuse or justification."

This was a case in which there had been granted a rule to show cause why a license should not be revoked; on account of sales to minors it was revoked by the court below, and that action was sustained by the supreme court. We are bound by that decision, we must follow it, and we shall do so faithfully; but we think that it is a very harsh construction of the statute, to say that one who knows the law, desires to obey it and strives to obey it, diligently and honestly endeavors to comply with all its provisions, should from an unwitting transgression lose his property or his liberty; yet such is the result, as the law is construed by the supreme court of our state. Hence it becomes the duty of the courts to hold the prosecutor very closely to the rules of evidence, and to be strict in the requirement of good faith upon the part of the prosecutor.

It seems to us that there ought to be legislation upon this subject. In the Buckalew act of 1856 or 1857—we do not recollect the exact date—it was so provided that a person could not be convicted unless it was shown that he *wilfully* furnished the liquor; the words *knowingly* and *wilfully* were in that act of assembly, and they ought never to have been dropped. It can be readily ascertained whether a licensee does sell "knowingly and wilfully," or not. If the present de- fendand had sold to persons in the borough of Berwick whom he knew to be under age, or to beardless boys ap- pearing to be under the age of twenty- one years, he could have justly been held responsible; a jury of his country- men is competent to determine. Under the construction that the supreme court puts upon the present license law, a sale to minors, whether wilful or otherwise, is a violation of the statute and subjects the seller to fine and imprisonment—to a very heavy punishment for the second offense, and to revocation of license for the first offense, if the court sees fit to add that to the fine fixed by the act.

The testimony in this case has dis- closed what appear to be serious of- fenses other than that charged in this indictment; we propose, before the persons implicated depart from this court, to put them under bond to ap- pear and answer to matters developed during the trial. It will not do for a court sitting to administer law to wink at violations of law testified to from the witness-stand, or allow such violations to pass, though not then formally be- fore the court. We cannot pass by unnoticed a declaration under oath that crime has been committed—di- rect testimony in our hearing to facts that we know to be criminal and to constitute a defined offense under the common or statute law of this com- monwealth.

Though the testimony developed is not perhaps sufficiently explicit to prove a violation of the election laws; a witness has said that, he, when un- der age, was persuaded by two persons (whom he named) to make oath to- gether with one other and to vote at a borough election in Berwick, in open violation of law. If it should be found that he is correct and that he voted at any time within two years, then he and the other persons men- tioned should be made to answer. It also appears from some of the testi- mony heard here upon this trial that an attempt was made to dissuade a witness or witnesses from attending court in obedience to the subpœna served upon them. For such an of- fense there is a heavy penalty provided by law. The persons named in that testimony must answer. [Two of them were held in recognisance for appearance at next term of the quarter sessions. This was done soon after the jury had retired.] One minor testified that he had represent- ed himself of age in violation of the act of assembly in such case provided.

It is also clear from all the testi- mony given here, that a scheme was concocted to entrap this defendant in- to the very violation of law with which he stands charged before you. This is not merely unfortunate, it is repre- hensible. We do not impugn the honesty of the prosecutor,—the purity of his motive; we do say that he went too far. Before expressing ourselves fully upon this matter, let us refer to the testimony of the witness Price, called by the defense. From his testi- mony in chief—that Dickson had met him here in front of the court-house at a time when this case was for trial, had asked him whether he was a wit- ness in this case, and learning that he was, had taken him aside and had given him money—it would seem that the conduct of Dickson was from a corrupt motive to influence the wit- ness; but Price himself, upon cross- examination fully and clearly explain- ed the whole transaction, so that it re- sulted to the credit of Dickson as a man of noble mind and generous heart, and totally removed any sus- picion of improper motive for his con- duct; and hence we thought it our duty, when Dickson was recalled, to say that he owed no further explana- tion to this court or to this jury in that pect.

But, while we do not impute a wrong motive to the prosecutor in sending whom he did to the defen- dant's saloon, and in concerting and arranging the action of the witnesses for the commonwealth—of the young men who were to drink the intoxica- ting liquor, and of the older ones who were to see them do it—while we think the motive was to remedy what he deemed an evil, and that he un- doubtedly intended nothing more than the breaking up of a pernicious practice in that borough of Berwick; yet we are bound to declare that the means he took are not approved by the law of the land. He has described to you what his observations had been in re- gard to seeing young men, minors, reeling and staggering drunk upon the streets, and has told you that his effort was to discover the source "to find out where the most of it came from." He had seen a man to whom he had paid a large sum of money squandering it in the saloons, and he had seen one of the witnesses here, a minor, about to drink in one of the Berwick saloons; in short, he had no doubt seen enough to justify any good citizen in the desire and the attempt to stop perpetration of the crime, to arrest the violators of the law, but he had no right, in doing that, to become himself a violator of the law.

Some of the best judges of this commonwealth have held that a detec- tive might devise a plot for ensnaring a suspect, might himself participate in a criminal act, might even offer a premium to another for the commis- sion of a crime. That *has been* held; but the courts are beginning to see the necessity of calling a halt to such doc- trine as that. If a larceny, a robbery or a burglary may be committed by the connivance of a detective, and with a view to catch a "crook," then no man's property or life is safe; such conduct by a detective cannot be said to be lawful; it must not be tolerated; the business of the detective is to pre- vent the commission of crime, to fer- ret out him who *has committed* crime and to bring him to justice—not to manufacture a candidate for conviction, surely not to entrap an honest man into an unconscious viola- tion of law.

In the courts of Philadelphia only recently, when an inn-keeper was brought in by policemen upon "a put- up job," as this also is termed in the evidence, he was promptly discharged, and the officers severely reprimanded; and we think that it is our duty in this case, notwithstanding our belief that the prosecutor acted with an eye single to the good of society, to say that he was mistaken in his method and overzealous in his conduct of his cause. He paid Brobst, a minor, money with which to go to a saloon and buy beer; he arranged that he should go there and induce minors, to drink, and he induced others to go there to see them drink, in order that they might testify here to a violation of the law by this defendant. This court cannot tolerate such acts from whatever motive; there are other ways to ferret out the offender; if the courts of this commonwealth are to endorse such conduct as this, we are all un- safe.

We say to you, gentlemen of the jury, briefly, that, under the evidence, your verdict in this case should be one of *not guilty*. Then you must dis- pose of the costs by putting them up- on the prosecutor or upon the defen- dant or upon the county, or by dividing them between the prosecutor and the defendant in such proportion as you think fit. If you put any costs upon the prosecutor, you must say in your finding who he his; name him. It would be folly for us to allow you to deliberate and to determine upon a verdict, and then, if it should be one of *guilty*, to be obliged under the law and the evidence and the decisions of the courts to set it aside; hence we say to you that your plain duty is to render a verdict of *not guilty*, and to dispose of the costs according to our instructions.

We have said earnestly what we have, in order that the public may understand the law, and for the pro- tection of men who have parted with their money for the privilege under the law of selling intoxicating liquors.

Neither this court, nor, in our opin- ion, any other court, will allow a per- son to be convicted who is thus en- trapped into the commission of an offense.

When the offender is honestly de- tected in an unlawful act, not pur- posely led into temptation, or cheated into a technical violation of law, we will endeavor to administer the pro- per punishment for his offense, what- ever it may be proved to be.

MILLVILLE.

J. C. Christian has put down the best curbstone in town.

Bruce German of Wanamie, Luz. Co., is staying at his uncle Will's this week.

Aaron K. Heacock's new house on State St. is progressing finely.

Some of our townsmen expect to take exhibits to the Bloom Fair next week.

Those desiring to vote should be sure that they have paid a state or county tax in the last two years. If they have not it must be paid by Oct. 8th.

Michael Smith moved last Tuesday from Ellis Eves & Bro. house to Jas. Heacock's house near the mill.

F. W. Heller has put down a new plank pavement along his property on Moorehead Ave. from State Street to station.

The chicken thief is on the war path, as Samuel Demott and Joe Cole can testify.

A Common Man.

The greatest artists in any profes- sion, the statesman we read of, the millionaire whom you envy, when seen by a curious person for the first time always call forth the remark "Why he's just a common man, after all." All men great and small enjoy "Squire Haskins" for it is a first class legitimate comedy.

Bloomsburg Opera House, Thurs- day and Friday, Oct. 14 and 15. Ad- mission 50 and 25 cents, no extra charge for reserved seats.

A BRILLIANT WEDDING.

THE LEVERETT-MCKELVY NUPTIALS.

On Tuesday evening at six o'clock there was gathered at St. Paul's Church a large and brilliant audience to witness the ceremony that joined two lives together in holy wedlock. Nearly six hundred invitations had been issued to friends in town and abroad, and the edifice was filled with invited guests. The persons of most interest and most interested in the occasion were Miss Elisabeth Willits McKelvy, youngest daughter of Mr. Isaiah W. McKelvy, and Mr. William Leverett, only son of Rev. W. C. Leverett, Rector of St. Paul's. The chancel was beautifully decorated with flowers and laurel by the young friends of the bride. As the audience gathered they were shown to seats by the ushers Mr. Geo. A. Clark of Tyrone, Mr. G. W. S. Fuller of Scranton, Mr. Frank Pursel and Mr. Frank Ikeler of Bloomsburg, during which some ex- cellent music was provided by Profs. W. H. Butts and Charles P. Elwell on the organ and violin.

Just before six o'clock Rev. W. C. Leverett entered the chancel from the vestry room, followed by the organist, Mr. Geo. E. Elwell, brother-in-law of the bride, and this was a signal that the ceremony was about to commence. As the last stroke of the town clock ceased, the sound of singing was heard in the Parish House, and then the corridor doors were thrown open, and the procession entered, headed by the vested choir of St Paul's, con- sisting of eighteen male voices, singing the 248th hymn, the organ joining in as they came up the centre aisle. After the choir came Master Edward Elwell, nephew of the bride, in Faunt- leroy suit, and carrying a cane covered with roses. Next were the ushers, and then the bridesmaids, Misses Mary P. Leverett, Anna T. Leverett, sisters of the bridegroom, Helen W. Harman, cousin of the bride, Martha F. Clark, and the Maid of Honor, Miss Elizabeth W. Marple of Bridgeport, cousin of the bride. Last of all came the bride on the arm of her father. The bridegroom entered from the vestry with his best man, Mr. J. H. S. Lynde of Scranton, and met the bride at the foot of the chancel steps where the ceremony was performed up to the giving away of the bride, after which the Rector went up to the inner sanctuary and the bride and bridegroom advanced to the chancel rail where the marriage ceremony was concluded. Immediately after the benediction and while the newly married couple were still kneeling the choir sang the 247th hymn, at the close of which Mr. and Mrs. Leverett leading the way, the procession re- turned from the church in reverse order, while the inspiring strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March rolled forth from the organ and filled the church from aisle to dome. The elaborate floral decorations, the rich costumes of handsome dames and maidens fair, the presence of the vest- ed choir, and the superior conven- iences afforded by the Parish House for such an occasion, all conspired to make this the most beautiful and attractive wedding that has ever taken place in St. Paul's.

As the carriages drove away from the church, the sweet toned chimes of St. Paul's, under the skilfull manipu- lation of Sexton Thornton added their merry peals to the general rejoicing, and wedding bells were seldom rung for a more worthy and popular young couple.

At 6:30 o'clock a reception was held at the home of the bride which was attended by two hundred or more guests. And here one had an op- portunity to see how the bride was dressed.

She wore a beautiful costume of ivory white Bengaline trimmed with Duchess lace, with trail and veil and carried white roses.

The maid of honor wore a dress of pink silk draped with point desprit and pink ribbons, and carried pink roses.

The bridesmaid's dresses were of white dotted Swiss trimmed with Valenciennes lace and moire ribbons. They also carried bouquets of pink roses.

Refreshments were served under the direction of Mrs. Phillips caterer, and the inner man was abundantly supplied. Bauer's orchestra of Scran- ton discoursed sweet music through- out the evening. At 8 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Leverett started on their wedding journey on the D. L. & W. road accompanied by the customary shower of rice, old shoes and good wishes. "On with the dance, let joy be unconfined" was now the watch- word, and the festivities were kept up until a late hour.

The bridal gifts were very numer- ous and beautiful, embracing silver- ware, china, cut glass, furniture, lamps, pictures, rugs, linen, kitchen utensils, money, &c. No cards appeared upon the gifts.

Among those present from out of town were Mrs. A. A. Marple, Bridge- port, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Drinker, Bethlehem, Mrs. John Gilbert of Phil- adelphia, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Neal Harrisburg, W. M. Marple, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Holland, Miss Davis, Mr. McGowan, Mr. Lynde, of Scranton, Miss Johns, of Hazleton, Miss Shirk, of Lancaster, Mrs. Matilda Warner, Pennsville, Elmer Lawall, of Wil- kesbarre, W. Clark Sloan, Philadel- phia, Woodin Hanly, Berwick, Dr. and Mrs. Meredith, Danville, Miss Eleanor Frick, Danville, Miss Edith Barton, Berwick, Miss Alice Barton, Espy, Mrs. Laura Aikman, Henry C. Barton, Lime Ridge, Mrs. Patton Car- lisle.

EAST BENTON.

SAD ACCIDENT.

A deep gloom was cast over our community last Monday night by the accidental shooting of John Dresher of this place, son-in-law of S. P. Krickbaum. About 4 o'clock p. m. John went to the woods near by his home to shoot game which seemed rather plentiful, and the frequent rifle reports seemed to locate his whereabouts. Not returning in the evening the family became alarmed and instituted search, nearly the whole neighborhood scouring the woods with lanterns. About 9 oclock p. m. he was found dead and lying on his back. The whole contents of the gun entered his breast in the region of the heart, and death must have been in- stantaneous. A red squirrel was lying by the gun and the theory is that in the act of picking up the squirrel, the gun was accidentally discharged with the above result. John lived on the farm with his father-in-law. I am informed that he made it a practice of keeping his gun cocked when hunting.

Last Friday night week ago A. C. Crawford's residence was entered while all asleep, by a tough who secured $46.10. The opening of a bureau drawer awakened Mrs. Crawford who gave the alarm of a burglar in the house and also entered the room where the thief was operating.

He escaped through the window he entered, but dropped the money sack inside, and when she returned to see what kept her husband, the thief re- entered and grabbed where the sack fell and secured $45. of its contents, the 1.10 was in a separate box. Lucky for Jack that the money bag was open.

The buckwheat is nearly all thresh- ed.

Corn husking is now in order.

Club meeting of the democracy in the McHenry Hall next Saturday night. Able speakers will be present.

Cleveland's inaugural March 4th, 1893. Turn the rascals out.

Subscribe for the Columbian.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

A democratic club was organized at City Hall last Friday evening. The meeting was called to order by county chairman J. H. Mercer. J. K. Bitten- bender and A. Herbine were appoint ed temporary secretaries to receive the names of those who would join the club. Seventy four persons came forward and enrolled their names. The club was then permantly organized by election of J. G. Freeze, Esq., as Presi- dent of the club, with the following list of vice presidents: J. R. Town- send, W. H. Snyder, R. Buckingham, J. K. Bittenbender, W. B. Taylor and Thos. Casey. The president elect not being present, by motion Mr. Town- send was made the president pro tem. On motion J. K. Bittenbender and F. Heck were made the perman- ent secretaries. The club was named "The Cleveland and Stevenson Demo- cratic Club of Bloomsburg." The following Committees were named:

ON RULES:—Fred Ikeler, Thomas Hanley and Wm. Chrisman.

ON SPEAKERS:—J. H. Mercer, J. R. Townsend, and Dr. B. F. Gardner.

ON FINANCE:—C. B. Robbins, Freeze Quick, E. B. Clark, W. B. Taylor and R. Buckingham.

Paul E. Wirt was elected treasurer of the club.

Rev. Mac Namara, who came in as a spectator was introduced and gave a very entertaining address.

J. H. Mercer and J. R. Townsend gave a few words of cheer as to the outlook of the campaign and advised all to become acquainted with the new ballot to be voted this fall.

The club will meet regularly every Monday evening at half past seven o'clock.

After three rousing cheers for Cleve- land and Stevenson the club adjourn- ed to next Monday evening October 10th.

PERSONAL.

Miss Mary Wren of Mahanoy City is the guest of Mrs. W. F. Bodine.

Louis Lowenberg went to New York on Monday to attend the Nat- ional Convention of Democratic Clubs, as a delegate from the Bloomsburg Club,

COUNCIL MEETING.

A special meeting of the Town Council was held on Friday evening to consider the extension of culvert over Snyder's Run on West street between Fifth and Sixth. Members present: Drinker, Gorrey, Holmes, Peacock, Kramer, Rhodes.

Rev. D. J. Waller laid a proposi- tion to extend the culvert 183 feet at same rate as he built the portion along Fifth street and wait for a year or two years for the pay, and take pay in taxes.

Peacock moved that proposition be accepted; seconded by Gorrey. Holmes, Peacock, Gorry, Drinker, aye; Kram- er, Rhodes nay.

Mr. Drinker brought up the matter of celebrating Columbus Day, and up- on motion he appointed to confer with a committee from the schools, the fol- lowing members, Holmes, Peacock and Gorrey, to make arrangements to properly celebrate the day.

The President reported that he had examined the culvert over Snyder's Run on Fifth street and found it in good condition and well built; but that it, as the culvert at other places is, entirely too small.

Gone to Reading.

Rance Dehart and his wife "Satur- day" left for Reading on the P. & R. road last Monday. The latter was under arrest for disorderly conduct, and was to have been tried last week, but when wanted she did not appear. The last of the week however, she re- turned, but was not tried. For some time past Dehart has occupied a lot of ground near the canal next to the Electric Light works, and though he had not paid for it, he had possession, and was in shape to cause considerable delay in ousting him by law. In con- sideration that his wife would not be prosecuted, he agreed to relinquish the land, and further agreed that he and his wife would leave town and re- main away. They were given fifty cents in cash and railroad tickets to Reading, and started off as above stated. If they do not return the town is well rid of a pair of nuisances. If they come back, it is understood that the woman will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

An accident occured at Catawissa about half past eleven Wednesday morning, resulting in the death of engineer, John Getzinger. By some neglect the switch of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad near the depot was left open, as the passenger train came rushing in, it was turned on the switch leading up a high trestling pro- vided for coal dumps. The engine and baggage car had almost reached the top, when either by the weakness of the trestling or the sudden curve, the engine careened, and the engineer was crushed to death. The front truck of the baggage car was displaced but the car did not overturn.

Public Office a Public Trust.

Ezra Haskins has been postmaster, justice of the peace, road commission- er and trustee in his district for a number of years. He is past sixty and despite the responsibility which rests upon him, he's hale and hearty. With his children and grandchildren he is making a tour of the U. S. Will be here Thursday and Friday, of next week. Will receive callers at the opera house. His home is in Summer Hill, N. Y.

Bloomsburg Opera House, Thurs- day and Friday, October 14 and 15. Admission 50 and 25 cents, no extra charge for reserved seats.

THROUGH TRAINS.

Special through trains will be run from Watsontown to Bloomsburg and return, over the W. & W. and the B. & S. railroads on October 13, 14 and 15 to give people in that section a chance to attend the fair here. Trains leave Watsontown each day at 7.55 a. m. reaching Bloomsburg at 10.

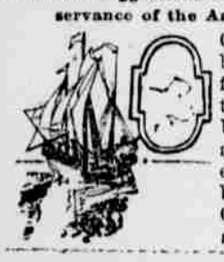
Mrs. H. E. Monroe, who will give her illustrated lecture in the Opera House next Tuesday and Wednesday evenings for the benefit of the Lutheran Church, will speak in the church Sunday evening on "The Fatherland". She has visited Germ- any, the home of Martin Luther and the scenes of the Reformation a number of times and is acquainted with all she speaks about.

"God helping me," cried Columbus, "though fair or foul the breeze,
I will sail and sail till I find the land beyond the western seas!"
So an eagle might leave its eyrie, bent, though the blue should bar,
To fold its wings on the loftiest peak of an undiscovered star!
And into the vast and void abyss he followed the setting sun;
Nor gulfs nor gales could fright his sails till the wondrous quest was done.
But Oh, the weary vigils, the murmuring, torturing days,
Till the Pinta's gun, and the shout of "Land!" set the black night ablaze!
Till the shore lay fair as Paradise in morning's balm and gold,
And a world was won from the conquered deep, and the tale of the ages told!
Uplift the starry Banner! The best age is begun!
We are the heirs of the mariners whose voyage that morn was done.
Measureless lands Columbus gave and rivers through zones that roll,
But his rarest, noblest bounty was a New World for the Soul!
For he sailed from the Past with its stifling walls, to the Future's open sky.
And the ghosts of gloom and fear were laid as the breath of heaven went by;
And the pedant's pride and the lordling's scorn were lost, in that vital air,
As fogs are lost when sun and wind sweep ocean blue and bare;
And Freedom and larger Knowledge dawned clear, the sky to span,
The birthright, not of priest or king, but of every child of man!
Uplift the New World's Banner to greet the exultant sun!
Let its rosy gleams still follow his beams as swift to west they run,
Till the wide air rings with shout and hymn to welcome it shining high,
And our eagle from lone Katahdin to Shasta's snow can fly
In the light of its stars as fold on fold is flung to the autumn sky!
Uplift it, Youths and Maidens, with songs and loving cheers;
Through triumphs, raptures, it has waved, through agonies and tears.
Columbia looks from sea to sea and thrills with joy to know
Her myriad sons, as one, would leap to shield it from a foe!
And you who soon will be the State, and shape each great decree,
Oh, vow to live and die for it, if glorious death must be!
The brave of all the centuries gone this starry Flag have wrought;
In dungeons dim, on gory fields, its light and peace were bought;
And you who front the future—whose days our dreams fulfill—
On Liberty's immortal height, oh, plant it firmer still!
For it floats for broadest learning; for the soul's supreme release;
For law disdaining license; for righteousness and peace;
For valor born of justice, and its amplest scope and plan
Makes a queen of every woman, a king of every man!
While forever, like Columbus, o'er Truth's unfathomed main
It pilots to the hidden isles, a grander realm to gain.
Ah! what a mighty trust is ours, the noblest ever sung,
To keep this Banner spotless its kindred stars among!
Our fleets may throng the oceans—our forts the headlands crown—
Our mines their treasures lavish for mint and mart and town—
Rich fields and flocks and busy looms bring plenty, far and wide—
And statelier temples deck the land than Rome's or Athens' pride—
And science dare the mysteries of earth and wave and sky—
Till none with us in splendor and strength and skill can vie;
Yet, should we reckon Liberty and Manhood less than these,
And slight the right of the humblest between our circling seas—
Should we be false to our sacred past, our fathers' God forgetting,
This Banner would lose its luster, our sun be nigh his setting!
But the dawn will sooner forget the east, the tides their ebb and flow,
Than you forget our radiant Flag and its matchless gifts forego!
Nay! you will keep it high-advanced with ever brightening sway—
The Banner whose light betokens the Lord's diviner day—
Leading the nations gloriously in Freedom's holy way!
No cloud on the field of azure—no stain on the rosy bars—
God bless you, Youths and Maidens, as you guard the Stripes and Stars!

EDNA DEAN PROCTOR.

COLUMBUS DAY.

Practical Suggestions on the Proper Observance of the Anniversary.



OCTOBER 21 will be a gala day from one end to the other of the United States, and it is but proper that it should be so, for is it not Columbus Day, and will it not commemorate the discovery of a world which in the comparatively short time of four centuries has emerged from the blackness of the forest and the ignorance of the savage into the blazing sun of prosperity and the noontide of intelligence?

Now that the official programme for the uniform popular celebration of Columbus Day has been published, the question of the participation by this community in the national exercises becomes a live issue.

It goes without saying that the people of this locality will not be backward in evidencing their patriotism by an appropriate celebration of the memorable day, and a few suggestions as to the best method of executing this commendable design may not be amiss at this time.

In the first place, it should be borne in mind that it is intended that the school children should be the principal participants in the exercises. The pupils are to be at their places in school at 9 o'clock as usual. It is desirable that business be entirely suspended so that the relatives of the pupils may also be present. Printed programmes should be provided when possible, and the exercises will of course be subject to the limitations of the scholars, but everything which may be done should tend to the central ideas of Columbus' achievement and the remarkable progress of the country under the impetus of education. Appropriate patriotic decorations are necessary, and allegorical tableaux will add greatly to the effectiveness and enjoyment of the exercises. Music is also desirable.

In the afternoon comes the citizens' celebration, but, as in the morning exercises, the school children should take the most prominent part. Of course in the country districts this will not be the case, and the afternoon should be devoted to games for the young people and social gatherings for their elders, though every house should be decorated with the national colors. In the towns the afternoon should be devoted to some sort of formal celebration, in which all of the civic and military organizations should be invited to participate.

A review of school children [illegible] have reached the reviewing stand and saluted the flag will add much to the "life and color" of the scene. A mass meeting of the citizens should follow during the day, when the best orators of the locality, and the most eloquent of the declaimers among the children—say one from each school—might deliver addresses appropriate to the occasion. The topics of these speeches will readily suggest themselves, but it must be borne in mind that anything relating to Columbus will be more interesting than anything else on such an occasion. The flag salute, the ode and the patriotic songs should be executed by the children without a hitch, and for this reason a great deal of preliminary work will have to be done by them.

Upon the school teachers will devolve the greatest portion of this labor. Each teacher should at once, if it has not already been done, present the matter of the celebration of Columbus Day to his pupils, and it should be laid before the young people in such a manner that each will be anxious to contribute as much as possible to the success of the affair. Enthusiasm is what is wanted and needed, for without it failure must result. Let each teacher select committees on reception, on decorations, on exercises, on printing, on newspapers, on arrangements and on finance. The principal must be actually if not nominally the directing spirit of each committee.

At the morning exercises at the schools the veterans should have charge of the flag and should also act as guards of honor to the schools on the march to the reviewing stand. The peculiar appropriateness of the veterans being the special patrons of the school celebration is apparent. Money and the active co-operation of the citizens at large are absolutely necessary to the success of the celebration, and these should and probably will be promptly forthcoming.

Only the general outlines of exercises suggested in the official programme are here given. These may be enlarged or contracted to conform to the wishes and possibilities of the celebrants.

The Wife of Columbus.

What about Mrs. Columbus? She ought to figure somehow in the celebration, although there is no picture of her extant. She was a Miss Palestrello, of Lisbon, and became the wife of Columbus in 1470. Her father was a navigator, and from old Palestrello's charts Columbus got his first ideas about a western passage to the Indies.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A PLANET LIKE OURS.

In All Essential Points Mars is Startlingly Like the Earth.

The first sight of Mars through an observatory telescope is almost terrifying, even for a person of good nerves. It is as if one saw the whole earth, with its icy poles, as a solid globe, floating overhead. One distinguishes clearly the dark blue seas and the brilliant beaming, many hued dry land—and on this the dry beds of a multitude of lakes, bays, gulfs, streams and canals, these latter either parallel to each other or crossing one another at right angles.

As you continue to look you note the variations of color and light shade and further that the outlines on one edge of the disc pass out of sight, while on the other the landscape expands; you see that Mars revolves on its axis and the ends of the axis are the frozen poles, as with us. There is a further resemblance in the inclination of the axis, which provides that on this planet also the seasons follow each other in regular succession. The ice crust at the poles diminishes in summer, affording demonstration not only that Mars is influenced by the sun's rays precisely as we are, but also that the air and water are identical with ours. In fact, the meteorology of Mars is now being reduced to a science.

Judging the two planets by superficial characteristics, however, one must admit a condition implying a higher degree of development in Mars. The continents of the earth, seen from a distance, present a very torn appearance, and occupy scarcely a third of its surface, while Mars is girdled on both sides of the equator by one continuous mainland, intersected by a network of canals and rivers, the land occupying approximately three-fourths of the whole area of the planet and the water only one-fourth, as a consequence of which it may be that its atmosphere is less clouded and vapor laden than ours. Peculiarly characteristic is the arrangement in which the geological nature of Mars has laid out the streams (canals?).

All our streams, without exceptions, are tortuous, and all increase in width as they near the ocean. On Mars, on the contrary, the streams flow in straight lines and are of uniform width from source to mouth. These streams, from 70 to 100 kilometres apart, have their banks so well defined as to suggest the idea that they are subject to intelligent regulation. It is hardly possible to conceive that two parallel canals, intersected at right angles by a third, as in Orphir land can be the work of elementary forces of nature. The question suggests itself again by the two canals which flow from ocean to ocean through the Island Hellas, crossing each other at right angles in the center. Not less questionable is the origin of the great blue Lake of the Sun in the center of Keppler land, with its three retilinear canals connecting it with the ocean.

Ever and ever the question occurs: Is it possible that the crust of a planet whose density is only seven-tenths less than that of the earth can be so yielding that the streams at their origin encounter no impediment to their direct course? Or have they really been regulated by the inhabitants of Mars—an engineering feat presenting, perhaps, few serious difficulties?

But what most excites our astonishment in connection with these canals is that almost every one of them is double, i. e., it has its parallel canal along side of it, but visible at intervals only. This has thoroughly perplexed all investigators. The earth has nothing analogous to aid us to a solution. On this account the return of Mars is looked to with considerable interest. The improvement in optical instruments within the past decade may probably help to solve the riddle, or what is perhaps still more probable, may present more riddles for solution.—Westermann's Monat's-hefte.

Baby Sue.

About three miles from town I overtook a woman carrying a heavy bundle in her arms. She was barefooted, wore a man's straw hat, and it was easy enough to identify her as a mountaineer's wife. I brought my horse to a walk and offered to take the bundle on the saddle before me.

"It's Baby Sue," she remarked as she passed it up.

"Ah, a baby! Well, I'll be careful of her. How old is she?"

"Going on two years."

"She is pretty heavy for such a long walk."

"I've done walked over ten miles with her already; but I felt I had to do it. Jim, he's waiting for her."

"And who is Jim?"

"My man, sir. They's done got him in jail for moonshining, and the Lord only knows when he will be free. I jest knowed he'd 'bout die if he couldn't have one last look at Sue."

The child was wrapped up in a faded old shawl and had a veil over her face. She lay like a log in my arms, and I supposed she was fast asleep. I had carried her a mile or more before I raised the veil to get a peep at her face. One glance told me that she was dead.

"Why, woman, your baby is dead!" I cried, as I made the discovery.

"Yes, sir; done died last night," the woman replied.

"And you——"

"I've got to take her to the jail and let Jim see he. Pore ole Jim! He done loved Baby Sue like his own life. He'd never forgive me if he didn't see her afore she was buried."

She wiped the tears away as she walked beside the horse, looking up now and then at the bundle in my arms, and we didn't speak again until the jail was reached. Then she took the little lead body from my arms, tenderly kissed the cold face, and said:

"Lord bless ye for your kindness, stranger! Jim's in here, and when he sees Baby Sue, I—I reckon he won't care no more what they do to him. Pore Sue! Pore old Jim!"

Japan's theology has eight hells.

PHILLIPS'.

The shade of a parasol is a very acceptable thing in the summer months, but the reputation of Philips' cafe and Bakery cannot be thrown in the shade at any time the year round. Bread and cakes fresh every day. We are sole agents for Tenney's fine candies: Ice Cream always: Catering for parties and weddings a specialty. Special terms to regular boarders in the Cafe.

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EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Ezekiel Cole, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Ezekiel Cole, deceased, have been granted to H. H. Grotz, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

H. H. GROTZ,
Executor.

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Pennsylvania Farm's at the World's Fair.

The largest and best section of the Agricultural Department at the great World's Fair is devoted, as it should be, to the exhibition of crop products, and it must be a source of pride to our farmers that Pennsylvania has been assigned one of the best four locations in this magnificent building. It is in the centre of the building, and one of the four corners formed by the junction of the main avenues leading through it from east to west and north to south. Germany, Great Britain and Iowa occupy the other corners, and thus we are placed in close relations with three of the greatest and richest agricultural sections of the world. This fact should be a stimulus to our farmers to bestir themselves and make such an exhibit of our crops as will show the world how really great we are as an agricultural State when compared with the best agricultural sections of the world.

In this most favorable location will be shown—so far as space of twenty-one hundred square feet will permit—to the finest audience that has ever assembled in the history of man, whatever of the best of this State's splendid farm crops our farmers may offer, and we trust that in this exhibit Columbia county will bear a conspicuous part.

The task of aiding the farmers of this State in assembling and organizing their crop exhibit is one of the many which have been placed in the hands of Col. John A. Woodward, of Centre county, well known throughout the State by reason of his work at the popluar Farmers' Institutes, and his long service as associate ecitor of the *Farm Journal*..

As this season for harvesting corn, buckwheat, clover seed and the like, it is a favorable time for selecting choice samples of these crops, and every farmer in the county who feels that he has something of these or of honey, maple syrup or other farm products, which he would like to exhibit should at once send a card or note to Col. Woodward at Harrisburg, stating what it is. He will return a prompt answer with directions as to how to proceed.

If you wish to see your farm products represented at the Wor'd's Fair, select a dozen of the choicest ears of corn, or a quart of clover seed, or a peck of buckwheat, or alike quantity of any of the summer grain, and put them to cure in the best way, then notify Col. Woodward. If your samples are approved and accepted you will be at no expense in the matter, as the State has provided funds with which to pay freight and the cost of caring for them. None but the very choicest and best, however, will be accepted. Mediocity can find no room in this great show. We think we could name a half dozen farmers in this county ,who should be represented in this crop exhibit, and hope they will promptly write to Col. Woodward and notify him what they wish to exhibit. His address is simple Harrisburg.

Fall Styles.

The World of Fashion has been astir of late in consequence of the revival of what is called the *'Directoire styles*, for which much popularity is predicted this Autumn. The *Directoire* being that period of French history which preceeded the coronation of Napoleon I, and of his wife, Josephine, leads naturally to the *Empire* and *Josephine styles*, concerning which there is also a great deal of interest manifested. Another favorite variation will be the *Recamier costume*, taking its appellation from the famous lady of that name, who is doubly celebrated for her beauty and her friendship with Mme. de Stael. The old-time balloon sleeve, another reminiscence of that epoch, will be much in vogue this Fall. Many people use the expressions *Directaire*, *Empire*, *Recamier* without fully realizing what these terms signify, and are consequently apt to err in their endeavor to adopt the latest novelties. A careful perusal of a first-class Fashion Magazine like *La Mode de Paris*, *Paris Album of Fashion* or *La Couturiere* will furnish a satisfactory explanation of the differences between these historical costumes. These Journals not only illustrate all modifications of these sundry styles, but also give full length descriptions of the materials to be used with appropriate trimmings, and reproduce as well the latest novelties in millinery and hat ornaments. The most practical way of obtaining this information is to subscribe for these Journals *La Mode de Paris* and *Paris Album of Fashion* are $3.50 per year each. They are the most artistic Fashion Magazines published. *La Couturiere* is a fine home journal for $3.00 and *La Mode* is only $150 per year. Another important fact to remember is that the three former publications contain each month a lesson on some popular garment with valuable practical suggestions. You can generally get single copies from your newsdealer, but do not allow him to give you some other journal for one of these. You can get them if you write to the publishers, Messrs. A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th Street, New York.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A CARNEGIE SERMON.

The Plutocrat as Magazine Writer and Labor Employer.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie, friend of Mr. Benjamin Harrison, head of the Carnegie steel trust, brigadier general of Pinkertons and naval contractor under the Harrison administration, is a very interesting writer, who in late years has been a frequent contributor to the magazines. It is highly instructive at times to refer to the back numbers of the magazines and read over again Mr. Carnegie's definitions of "The Gospel of Wealth"—a gospel of which he has appointed himself the special evangelist of America. Some time ago, when Mr. Gladstone and Rev. Hugh Price Hughes were arguing the necessity of action to prevent the further increase of poverty, Mr. Carnegie wrote and published an essay on "The Advantages of Poverty," in which he thus defined the "fundamental idea of the gospel of wealth:"

"The fundamental idea of 'The Gospel of Wealth' is that surplus wealth should be considered as a sacred trust to be administered by those into whose hands it falls, during their lives, for the good of the community. It predicts that the day is at hand when he who dies possessed of enormous sums, which were his and free to administer during his life, will die disgraced, and holds that the aim of the millionaire should be to die poor. It likewise pleads for modesty of private expenditure."

Some may be at a loss to understand how Mr. Carnegie reconciles his gospel with the employment of Pinkertons to shoot wages down, but there is no real inconsistency. It will be noticed that Mr. Carnegie proposes to consider only "surplus" wealth as a "sacred trust to be administered, etc.".

It all depends, therefore, on the definition of the word "surplus," and that is left to the determination of the individual plutocrat himself. One may count as "surplus" all over $1,000,000. Another may refuse to consider anything as a surplus above what he wants until he has $20,000,000. And it is clear under the Carnegie gospel that until he gets the $20,000,000 he is justified in employing Pinkertons to shoot those who demand a larger, or refuse to take a smaller, share of what they earn for him. For very clearly all such unreasonable persons are trying to prevent him from reaching the point where he will have a surplus—that is, so much more than he needs himself that he will not care enough for it to keep it. When the plutocrat reaches this stage he then becomes a steward for the benefit of the public. In the meantime Pinkertons must be hired and the militia forced out that ground floor contracts with the federal administration be not forfeited.—St. Louis Republic.

Down, Down, Down!

Down with the robber tariff in the east!
Down with the robber tariff in the north!
Down with the robber tariff in the west!
Down with the robber tariff in the south!
Down with the thieving duties at the custom houses; down with the swindling reciprocity treaties; down with the cant about the wage earners; down with the fraud that taxes make wealth; down with all the fallacies of protection!—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Cleveland Understands the Proprieties.

We are glad to see that ex-President Cleveland positively denies published statements that he is to make campaign speeches within the next two months in various parts of the country. So far from accepting such invitations, he has felt obliged to decline them all, and does not contemplate making any political trips during the campaign. This is greatly to his credit, for, to say the least, it is very undignified for a presidential candidate to take the stump in his own behalf.—Albany Times-Union.

Campaign Song for 1892.

Hurrah for Grover Cleveland, the patriot and the sage!
He's honored by Democracy, his name is all the rage;
He's a lover of his country, his party and his home;
His honesty is loudly praised wherever you may roam.

But we can't hurrah for Benny, with his grandpapa's hat,
Nor can we shout for "Blacklaw" Reid, the man they call the "rat;"
I'll tell what we'll do if you'll promise not to tattle—
We'll give one yelp for Warner and the Cherokee cattle.

We have another hero, of the name of Stevenson
He's in this presidential race which recently begun;
If Reid thinks he can beat him 'tis time now to begin it,
For he'll find before November that he is not "in it."

"Protection" is a humbug, as all honest people see.
It has made the rich richer, but the poor man, where is he?
Sorrowfully living in his tent or lonely hovel,
Praying to God for work with his mattock and his shovel.

The Democratic platform guarantees to every man
Better times, more money and is opposed to every clan.
It places ev'ry race, ev'ry color on a level,
And does not say you are a saint or I shall be a devil.

It knows no north, no south, no east, nor the great thriving west;
Its principles will always live in every honest breast;
The Union for every one, be he rich, poor, great or small,
Is the watchword for the party and is guaranteed to all.

We have no use for "force bills," "McKinley bills," high taxes,
Nor any other "steal," dear friends, that calls for "grinding axes;"
But we want an honest, truthful, grand administration,
In every department of this glorious young nation.

And now, my fellow citizens, I'll bid you all good night;
Believing that democracy will surely win the fight;
I know it will if we are true to Grover and "reform,"
And then on March the 4th we'll shout, "Our country's safe from harm!"

—Kansas City Times.

OIL ON TROUBLED WATERS.

It Was Thought a Miracle When First Tried 1,100 Years Ago.

The idea contained in the expression "pouring oil on troubled waters" has been traced so far back as Pliny (A. D. 23-79), who speaks in his "Natural History" of the results of pouring oil on a stormy sea. Mr. David M. Stone, of the New York *Journal of Commerce*, found an interesting account of the phenomenon in Bede's "Ecclesiastical History" (book 3, chapter 15), written in Latin more than 1,100 years ago—from 716 to 731 A. D.

"The venerable Bede is speaking of Bishop Aidan, who was permitted to work miracles," he says: 'A priest called Utta (Utta) was sent into Kent to fetch Eanflede, King Edwine's daughter, who was to be married to King Oswirra. He was to go by land but return by water. Before he departed Utta visited the bishop and besought his prayers for a prosperous journey. The bishop blessed him and predicting for his return a great tempest and a contrary wind that should rise suddenly gave him a pot of oil, saying:

"'Remember that you cast into the sea this oyle that I give you, and anon, the winds being laied, comfortable fayer weather shall ensue on the sea, which shall send you againe with as pleasant a passage as you have wished.'

"The tempest came as predicted, the sailors essayed to cast 'ancar' in vain, the water began to fill the ship, and 'nothing but present death was looked for.' At the near approach of death came the thought of the bishop and the pot of oil. Taking it in his hand the priest cast the oil into the sea, when, as if by magic, it became quiet and calm, and the ship was delivered."—Boston Globe.

The Paper Age.

The world has seen its Iron Age and its Brazen Age, but this is the Age of Paper. We are making so many things of paper that it will soon be true that without paper there is nothing made. We live in paper houses, wear paper clothing and sit on paper cushions in paper cars, rolling on paper wheels. If we lived in Bergen, Norway, we could go on Sundays to a paper church. We do a paper business over paper counters, buying paper goods, paying for them with paper money, and deal in paper stocks on paper margins. We row races in paper boats for paper prizes. We go to paper theaters, where paper actors play to paper audiences. As the age develops, the coming man will become more deeply enmeshed in the paper net. He will awake in the morning and creep from under the paper clothing of his paper bed and put on his paper dressing gown and his paper slippers. He will walk over paper carpets, down paper stairs and, seating himself in a paper chair, will read the paper news in the morning paper. A paper bell will call him to his breakfast, cooked in a paper oven, served on paper dishes, laid on a paper cloth on a paper table. He will wipe his lips with a paper napkin and, having put on his paper shoes, paper hat and paper coat, and then taking his paper stick (he has the choice of two descriptions already), he will walk on a paper pavement or ride in a paper carriage to his paper office. He will organize paper enterprises and make paper profits. He will sail the ocean on paper steamships and navigate the air in paper balloons. He will smoke a paper cigar or paper tobacco in a paper pipe, lighted with a paper match. He will write with a paper pencil, whittle paper sticks with a paper knife, go fishing with a paper fishing-rod, a paper line and a paper hook, and put his catch in a paper basket. He will go shooting with a paper gun, loaded with paper cartridges, and will defend his country in paper forts with paper cannon and paper bombs. Having lived his paper life and achieved a paper fame and paper wealth, he will retire to paper leisure and die in paper peace. There will be a paper funeral, at which the mourners, dressed in paper crape, will wipe their eyes with paper handkerchiefs, and the preacher will preach in a paper pulpit. He will lie in a paper coffin; elsewhere in this paper it will be seen that he has a chance of doing so already if he is a paper—we mean pauper. He will be wrapped in a paper shroud, his name will be engraved on a paper plate, and a paper hearse, adorned with paper plumes, will carry him to a paper-lined grave, over which will be raised a paper monument.—The Paper Record.

Highly Spiced Food.

No doubt diet has much to do with the fact that American children are nervous. They are far too often allowed to sit at the same table with their elders, and, at a late dinner, permitted to use the same rich, highly spiced food, and to pour in the tender little stomachs tea and coffee; and the result, hysteria and irritability, is a source of wonder to their parents. "My children look well, and have excellent appetites," said a mother. "Yet they are almost always complaining of something." "Are you careful of their diet?" was asked. "Oh, no, they eat and drink anything that is on the table," was the reply. "I never could bear to deny them anything, but I never thought that it made much difference so that they had enough." The menu of this family included among other things hot bread, fried meats, beans, cabbage, and pastry. All these were given to the children; and when they were stricken down with gastric trouble, the mother wondered why they were so often ill!

Yankee Thrift.

The Maine man who can not turn his hand to another source of profit when one fails him is a scarce article. An engraver and carver of old-time repute, in the palmy days of Maine shipbuilding, now a resident of Kittery, finding his occupation gone as a sculptor of figureheads for vessels, is engaged in making idols and graven images for the heathen! He has a large order that will employ most of his time for over two years, from a missionary just returned from Central Asia to this country. This missionary, by the way, is evidently something of a Yankee himself.—Hennebec Journal.

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We make and sell the best-fitting Ready-made Clothes you ever saw.

That is why our prices are uniformly lower than all others.

$12.00 for Men's Handsome All-Wool Cheviot Suits.
$3.50 for Boys' Fine All-Wool Cheviot Knee-Pant Suits. $4.75 with extra Pants.
Men's and Young Men's beautiful Silk-lined Fall Overcoats for $10.00.
Elegant Kersey Winter Overcoat, $10, $12, $13.50, $15, $20, $25.

Browning, King & Co.
Leading American Clothiers,
910 and 912 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.
WARREN A. REED. *Opposite Post Office.*

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CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing
SICK
Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured
HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head
ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills makes a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.
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PILES "ANAKESIS" gives instant relief and is an infallible Cure for Piles. Price $1. By Druggists or mail. Samples free. Address "ANAKESIS," Box 2416, New York City.

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No other School can do as much for Young Men and Women as
PALMS BUSINESS COLLEGE.
1709 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
You pay us $30. We educate and assist you to a GOOD SITUATION.
Can you ask more? Circulars free if you name this paper.

SPRING TONIC
And Blood Purifier
Manner's Double Extract Sarsaparilla
Proves its worth with the first bottle. It is Popular as a Tonic, Popular as a Blood Purifier, Popular to take as it is agreeable to all; Popular for Children, as it acts readily and leaves no bad results; Popular in prices, as it is within the reach of all. Manners' Double Extract Sarsaparilla is for sale by all Druggists. Only 50c a bottle.

We Can't do it
but are willing to pay for learning how to make as good an article as WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING of **cheap** material so that a retailer can profitably sell it at 10c.
Our price is 20c.
The retailer says the public will not pay it. We say the public will, because they will always pay a fair price for a good article. To show both the trade and the public that we want to give them the best for the least money, we will pay
$10,000.00 Reward
For above information; this offer is open until January 1st, 1893.
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

Pik-Ron is the name of a paint which does work that no other paint can do. New wood painted with it looks like the natural wood when it is stained and varnished.
PAINTERS AND BUILDERS will find it profitable to investigate. All paint stores sell it.

VIOLA CREAM
The Chain of evidence is now complete—that DR. HEBRA'S VIOLA CREAM is the only preparation that positively does all that is claimed for it. It removes Freckles, Liver-spots, Blackheads, Pimples, Tan, and all imperfections of the skin, without injury. A few applications will render a rough or red skin soft, smooth and white. It is not a cosmetic to cover defects, but a cure, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. Price 50c. At druggists; or sent by mail. Send for testimonials.
G. C. BITTNER & CO.,
TOLEDO, - - OHIO.

READ THIS.

DOLLARS OFF.
When you want a suit of clothes, a new hat, gloves, neckwear and gents' furnishing goods, you should look for the place where you can get just what you want, in the latest styles, at reasonable prices. A few dollars off is always an object, and I am now making up spring and summer suits from a large assortment of goods, to suit all customers, at prices as low as are consistent with good work. Good fits guaranteed. The latest thing in straw hats are now here. Light as a feather. A beautiful line of neckwear, and summer shirts. Accurate measures taken for silk hats.
Next door to First National Bank. Bertsch, The Tailor, Bloomsburg, Pa.

GRATEFUL;—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA
BREAKFAST.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half pound tins, by grocers, labelled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

THE DISPARITY IN THE LIMBS.

This Explains Why People Lost Walk in a Circle.

The fact that people lost on a desert or in a forest invariably walk in a circle is due to slight inequality of the legs. Careful measurements of a series of skeletons have shown that only 10 per cent. had the lower limbs equal in length, 35 per cent. had the right limb longer than the left, while in 55 per cent. the left leg was the longer. The result of one limb being longer than the other will naturally be that a person will unconsciously take a longer step with the longer limb, and consequently will trend to the right or left, according as the left or right leg is the longer, unless the tendency to deviation is corrected by the eye.

The left leg being more frequently the longer, as evinced by the measurement of the skeleton, the inclination should take place more frequently to the right than to the left, and this conclusion is quite borne out by the observations made on a number of persons when walking blindfold. Further, on measurements of the arms it is found that in 72 per cent. the right arm is longer than the left, while in 24 per cent. the left arm is the longer—showing that a considerable majority of persons are right handed and left legged. The inequality in the length of limbs is not confined to any particular sex or race, but seems to be universal in all respects.—Peterson's Weekly.

Couldn't Draw His Money.

The conversation turned upon early struggles in life. All of them had had hard times, but each of them had managed to start a bank account in his first days of earning money and to add to it from time to time.

"And the only time in my life," said one of them, "that I had money and yet did not have it, was when I had worked long enough and hard enough to feel that I was justified in making what to me was considerable of an investment. Years before this I had begun a modest little account in the —— savings bank. When I first made my deposits they were not big and they were not frequent, but I kept on making them month by month and year by year, and at last they began to count for something. When the time came to make my investment, I found that I should have to go to my first savings bank. I marched down and presented myself at the window. I hadn't been there for a long time. I had added to my face a beard, and I was as far from being the boy who had formerly been there as a man well could be. The first thing I was asked to do was to write my signature. I wrote it as I had learned to write it in the recent years, with a slap dash rush. The teller looked at me scrutinizingly and then asked me to write it again. I dashed off another. He went off a second and came back with a little deprecating smile.

"'The signatures are not the same,' he said, regarding me intently.

"'I'm the same.'

"'How do I know that?' he said, with his provoking smile.

"'You don't expect, do you, that I'd write the same hand now that I wrote when I was fourteen years old and made my first deposit?' I impatiently asked.

"'No,' said he.

"'Well, I'm in a hurry for that money,' I said curtly. 'I've got to use it right away, and I'd like it right away.'

"'I'm very sure,' he said, 'that you are the man, from the story you tell but how do I know it? I can't let man have money when I do not know him, and when his signature does no agree with the one we have.'

"'What must I do, then?' I asked.

"'You must be identified.'

"'But I haven't time.'

"'You will have to make it or else sign like your old signature. Your old one is a good deal better than the one you write now,' with another smile.

"But I had to hurry out and find some one who could identify me before I could draw the money I had deposited. When I had drawn it my boyish signature was shown to me. It was round and clear, but a little trembling, and when I looked at it for the first time in many years, a rush of memories came over me, and I recalled how I had felt on the first day that I had ever gone into a bank to open an account for myself."

How She Managed It.

A young couple in a Lancashire village had been courting for several years. One day the young man said to the young woman:

"Sal, I canna marry thee."

"How's that?" she asked.

"I've changed my mind," said he.

"Well, I'll tell you what we'll do," she said. "If folks know that it's thee as has given me up, I shanna be able to get another chap, but if they think I have given thee up, then I can easy get another chap. So we'll have banns published, and when the wedding day comes the parson will say to thee, 'Wilt thou have this woman to be thy wedded wife?' and thou must say, 'I will,' and when he says to me, 'Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?' I shall say 'I wiana.'"

The wedding day came, and the minister said to the man:

"Wilt thou have this woman to be thy wedded wife?"

"I will," answered the man.

Then the parson said to the woman:

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?"

"I will," she said.

"Why, you said you would say 'I winna,'" the young man said furiously.

"I know that, but I've changed my mind since then," answered the young woman.

Experienced planters in the South now raise the male cotton plant, being thus enabled to secure the seed without the lint or cotton.

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

STABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

—PUBLISHED BY—

ELWELL & BITTENBENDER

EVERY FRIDAY MORNING

At Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

TERMS:—Inside the county, $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed to

THE COLUMBIAN,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1892.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT

GROVER CLEVELAND,

of New York.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT

ADLAI E. STEVENSON,

of Illinois.

STATE.

FOR CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE.
GEORGE A. ALLEN, Erie.
THOMAS P. MERRITT, Berks.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE.
CHRISTOPHER HEYDRICK, Venango.

FOR ELECTORS AT LARGE.
MORTIMER F. ELLIOTT, Tioga.
JNO. C. BULLITT, Philadelphia.
THOMAS B. KENNEDY, Franklin.
DAVID T. WATSON, Allegheny.

FOR DISTRICT ELECTORS.

Samuel G. Thompson,	Clem't R. Wainwright,
Adam S. Conway,	Charles H. Lafferty,
W. Redwood Wright,	George R. Guss
John O. James,	William Molan.
James Duffey,	Charles D. Breck.
S. W. Trimmer,	Samuel S. Leiby,
Azur Lathrop,	T. C. Hipple,
Thomas Chalfant,	W. D. Himmelreich
P. H. Strubinger,	H. B. Piper,
Joseph D. Orr,	Charles A. Fagan.
Andrew A. Payton,	John D. Braden,
Michael Leibel,	Thomas McDowell,
Cornelius W. Bull,	Wm. G. Yuengling,
J. K. P. Hall,	John Conway.

COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,

S. P. WOLVERTON,

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,

E. M. TEWKSBURY,

ANDREW L. FRITZ,

TAXES AND PROSPERITY.

HIGH TAXES FOR PROSPERITY AN EMPTY DELUSION—A MONUMENTAL FALLACY

Faom the Media (Pa.) Reord, Ind. Rep.

The recent speeches of Governor McKinley, of Ohio, and Colonel McClure, of Philadelphia *Times*; the first as a champion and defender of the tariff act which bears his name, and the last named as an exponent of free raw materials and tariff for revenue, have revived an interest in the chief issue of the presnt quadrennial canvass. There can be no mistake of the trend and tenor of Mr. McKinley's speech; he is very evidently a believer in the dogma that the higher people are taxed the more prosperous do they become. He believes the highest mission of civic government is to be paternal in its nature and attributes, and to coddle infant industries—not alone during their infancy but just as long as the dear people can stand the coddling process. The more coddling and the more paternalism the greater the tax rate and the larger the prosperity of the people taxed. This is the McKinley theory, aud the sublime picture of peace, happiness and prosperity which he paints as the inevitable resultant of such a fiscal policy is charming—if it were but true.

No man, no community, no nation ever became prosperous by excessive taxation. If the reverse were true Russia and Turkey would be the most prosperous countries of the world. If taxation means prosperity then from 1861 to 1865 was the most prosperous era within the history of the United States, for then it was that the exigencies of a gigantic civil war rendered high taxes an imperative necessity. Would Governor McKinley rate that period an era of prosperity? His panacea of high taxes was of necessity the fiscal policy of the nation, and yet it is a matter of history that the country was never so near bankruptcy. Its credit was so low that its Treasury notes were depreciated at times some sixty or more per cent. The McKinley dogma may do as a campaign cry, but it couldn't fool the money markets of this country or of the world outside of it.

Mr. McKinley's high tariff panacea as a producer of prosperity is an empty delusion. If it were true that the shackling of trade and commerce—for that is the inevitable consequence of a high tariff for the sake of tariff—was a great public benefit, then is it passing strange that so smart a man as Mr. McKinley should not have adopted precisely the same policy between the several States of the Federal Union. These various States have prospered—in varying degree—not because of the tariff taxes, but in spite of them, which is but a strong proof of the immense natural advantages and resources of the country.

If high tariff, and per se, high taxes, breed prosperity, how comes it that intelligent citizens continually appeal against excessive appraisement of their property; that the economical management of municipalities is warmly commended as contributory to the public welfare; and that one of the chief advantages of Republican rule is its simplicity and inexpensiveness? If Mr. McKinley be right, then trading between States and nations is a delusion and a snare; commerce is a mere sham, and the whole theory and superstructure of belief in the virtue and superiority of a republic, because of its economic administration—a monumental fallacy. Mr. McKinley's peanut policy would dwarf this nation with its collossal resources into a race of clams, whose chief virtue would be to crawl into their shell as the highest culmination of their national destiny. A sound fiscal policy cannot be crowded into such pigmy proportions: the true and only line of progess for this nation of seventy millions of freeman is a fiscal policy which shall truly foster and not handicap its own internal resources, by the admission, free of duty, of all raw materials as enter into the material necessities and comforts of the people. Under such a regime, Americans could command their home market and at the same time successfully compete with foreign manufacturers for the trade of this continent and elsewhere; our commerce would be restored and the manufacturing interests of the country be largely increased and stimulated.

These axiomatic truths were admirably illustrated in Editor McClure's able address, which is well worthy of careful perusal by every citizen of the land. There is no mousing or equivocation in Mr. McClure's address and even those who cannot concur in all of his propositions can but admire the candor and frankness of his declaration. Such a course is more than refreshing in these days of evasion and subterfuge to gain temporary partisan advantage. But the time is nigh when the truth must be told, and when told and heeded will insure to the prosperity of the people at large.

What Strong Proof.

Is needed of the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla than the hundreds of letters continually coming in telling of marvellous cures it has effected after all other remedies had failed? Truly Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses peculiar curative power unknown to other medicines.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal. They are the best family cathartic.

Heroic Fire Protection.

The legislature of this State, at its session of 1889, passed an act for the better protection of lives in case of fires in tenement houses, schools, seminaries, colleges, academies, hospitals, asylums, places of amusement, &c., more than two stories in height. No objection can be urged against proper and necessary protection; life should be properly protected against all possible contingencies of fire in the classes of institutions or buildings named, but there is such a thing as unnecessary protection, and the act in question, if litterally carrried out would in every reasonable person's mind be classed under that head. Imagine for example, in every teachers and and student's room in the Normal, on the third and fourth floors, "affixed to a bolt through the wall over the window head inside, a chain at least ten feet in length with a rope at least one inch in diameter of sufficient length to extend to the ground; and each such rope to be coiled and kept in an unlocked box, in an unobstructed place near the inside sill of the window." With such means of egress from stairways &c, as the Normal has, what need could there be of special escape in each room, without saying anything of the appearance of the window with its chain and rope?

P.

Late Election.

A state election was held in Georgia Wednesday. The republicans made a fusion with the people's party and confidently expected to defeat the democratic candidate for Governor. The result so far heard from indicates that the democrats have carried the state by about 40,000 majority.

The latest returns from the election held in Florida, Monday indicate that the democrats have carried the state by about 25,000 majority.

Judging from the returns of the elections held in Arkansas, Vermont, Maine, Florida and Georgia we are pleased to announce that the people will insist that the next president must be a democrat and his name is Grover Cleveland.

Nothing does the work so well.—Mr. P. Byrd of New Grand Chain, Ill., writes: "Being exposed to all sorts of weather I am more or less liable to have pains of some kind. I have tried a number of different so-called remedies, but nothing does the work so well as Salvation Oil. It is the best liniment I have ever used."

Mock Protection to Farmers.

THEY PAY TARIFF TAXES ON ALL THEY BUY AND GET NO PROTECTION.

When Governor McKinley began his campaign in defence of his new tariff policy in Pittsburg, he taught the industrial people engaged in the production of iron and steel that tariff taxes upon these products prevented cheaper foreign iron and steel from coming into our markets, thus increased the price of American products and enabled the manufacturers to pay largely advanced wages for labor. In this campaign Mr. McKinley seems to have been assigned the very difficult task of teaching the farmers that tariff taxes cheapen everything. After informing the iron and steel workers that h gh protection increased the cost of their products and thereby increased their wages, he is now engaged in telling the farmers that high tariff taxes have cheapened the iron and steel for their plows and other agricultural implements, and that they are now reaping the beneficent fruits of the highest war taxes ever levied upon the necessaries of industry and life in time of peace. Let us see what Gov. McKinley has done for the farmer by his tariff. He has increased the tariff taxes in the name of protection on all, or nearly all, the products of the farmer as follows:

	Tariff of 1883.	McKinley Tariff.
Barley, per bushel	.10	.30
Corn, per bushel	.10	.15
Wheat, per bushel	.20	.25
Oats, per bushel	.10	.15
Potatoes, per bushel	.15	.25
Hops, per bushel	.08	.15
Butter, per pound	.04	.06
Cheese, per pound	.04	.06
Eggs, per dozen	Free	.05
Hay, per ton	$2.00	$4 00

Looking at the figures this would seem to be immense protection to the farmer, but in point of fact for nearly all of these products the farmer is compelled to look to the foreign market for his surplus, and taxes upon imports amount to just nothing at all, as neither the farmer nor the people buy the imported articles. What a mockery of protection to the farmer is presented when we glance at our table of imports and exports for the last year as shown by the official report of the Secretary of the Treasury as follows:

	Imports.	Exports.
Wheat flour	$43.200	54.700,000
Wheat	432,000	51,420,000
Corn	1,600	17,600,000
Cheese	1,358,700	7,400,000
Butter	58,500	2,200,000
Oats	5,000	405,700
Rye	98,200	212,000
Hops	63,300	124,500
Eggs, doz.	363,000	8,200,000

It will thus be seen that in nearly every important product of the farm on which the McKinley tariff levies increased tariff taxes, ostensible for protection, the farmers has just no protection whatever, as he is without foreign competition and has to seek foreign markets for the surplus of every important article that he produces. The farmer thus has no benefit whatever from the increased tariff taxes while everything has been done that could be done to make his foreign market, that he must have every year, as unfriendly as possible; and in no instance has the McKinley tariff given the farmer an increased price for a single product of his labor. Mr. Blanie told the truth as he was struggling for months to force McKinley to accept reciprocity as a feature of his tariff, when he declared in an open letter to Senator Frye, that the McKinley tariff would not furnish the farmer a market for a single additional barrel of pork or a sack of flour. Everything that the farmer produces is governed in prices by the law of supply and demand throughout the market of the land, and entirely regardless of tariff duties. Last year when there was a general failure of the crops abroad and a bountiful harvest in our land, wheat commanded the highest price of the last decade, and the farmers were told that the McKinley tariff had brought them large market and increased prices. This year the crops are reasonable good abroad; the foreign demand for our surplus is greatly deminished, and the farmer is to-day receiving no more for his wheat than he received before the passage of the McKinley bill. The farmer is now, as he ever has been, the hewer of wood and drawer of water for protected industries, and it was bad enough to put a moonshine protective tariff on his products, as did the tariff act of 1883, but it is an insult to his intelligence to increase tariff taxes on his products which he can never realize, and then claim that he is protected under our tariff laws It assumes that he is utterly ignorant of his own interests, and that he is the mere prey of political demagogues who impose taxes upon him which he must pay for the benefit of others, and attempt to reconcile him to this needless exaction by increased moonshine protection under the McKinley tariff of 1890.—*From McClure's Speech.*

Distemper is dangerous and often fatal in winter when the horse can't get green food. At this season Bull's Head Horse and Cattle Powder is indispensable. Price 25 cents per package.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WASHINGTON LETTER

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3, 1892.

"Richard is himself again." Once more the door to Mr. Harrison's private office swings obligingly open to the wily republican politician, and inside the just as wily dispenser of patronage smiles upon his visitors and makes the attempt of his life to thaw into something like geniality. There will be no new boss of the republican machine, Mr. Harrison will steer the old and worm eaten craft into the most crushing collision of its existence, unless another change for the worse should take place in Mrs. Harrison's condition, and that every body sincerely hopes will not occur.

Mr. Harrison realizes much more fully than do some of his associates and would be advisers that he is managing the most desperate fight into which his party ever started; that the drift of intelligent public sentiment is against the very key-stone of the republican structure—high protective tariff, and that the task he has undertaken is herculean in its proportions, but he is fighting for political life, and he proposes making the best of a bad cause with the hope small and faint though it be, that he may win by a scratch. Mr. Harrison's ability as a political manager has never been properly appreciated by democrats, outside of the state of Indiana, where so many of his fights have been made. Of course it is undignified, unusual and all that sort of thing, but all the same it is a fact that his office in the White House is now republican headquarters and from it will go the orders upon which he most relies for success, while the unimportant orders will be sent out from New York by Tom Carter. Democrats will do well to keep a careful watch upon the republicans in their neighborhoods known to be in touch with Mr. Harrison. Checkmate them, and you defeat him.

A handsome Cleveland and Stevenson banner now swings above the heads of passers by on Pennsylvania Avenue, a square below the Treasury Department. It was hung out by the District of Columbia democrats central committee, the headquarters of which are opposite. The pictures on the banner are really good ones, consequently they have attracted more than the usual attention given to such things.

Door keeper Turner, of the House of Representatives, who when he was elected a member of the House in 1888 became widely known as "Turner, the ice-man," is credited with being always well posted on the condition of political feeling in New York city, especially among the rank and file of the various organizations which support Tammany Hall in city politics, therefore his opinion was eagerly sought when he ran over to Washington for a few hours rest. He said of the situation; "There is a good feeling in our ranks about New York The only cloud visible is the threat of the Grace faction to run an independent ticket, and we are not much worried over that. We are not soliciting any but straight democratic votes in New York. If any republicans want to vote our ticket they can do so, but they are not being run after. Tammany is solid for Cleveland and he will be elected by the stalwart democracy of the empire state, and his majority will be somewhere between 12,000 and 20,000" Just before he returned to New York Mr. Turner said "Perhaps you may think I am a chaser of rainbows when I say that our chances are good for carrying New Hampshire, but all the same it is true. The republicans have got to do some lively work to get New Hamshire electoral votes, and I predict that they will be cast for Cleveland."

"Drowning men catch at straws." The republican party is, figuratively speaking, a drowning man, and it is frantically catching at every straw that comes along hoping thereby to keep afloat. Indeed, it is manufacturing straws to catch at. One of these manfactured is the Treasury statement just made which shows an increase in the Treasury balance of about, $2,000,000, sence the last statement, Sept. 1. This statement will be caught at by republican speakers and editors and enlarged upon, as showing the prosperous condition of the Treasury. As a matter of fact it shows no such thing If all of the matured claims against the Treasury which were properly payable in September had been paid during that month the statement would have shown a decrease in the balance. It is well known that it has been the policy of the Treasury for months to defer all large payments as long as possible and that under that policy properly audited accounts are held back on the flimsiest pretext, and that the amount of this class of government indebtedness has been steadily increasing under this policy, which is maintained in order to prevent a deficit until after the Presidential election.

"Mrs. H. E. Monroe finished her course of illustrated Lectures at the Presbyterian Church, Cor. Arch and 18th. Sts. on April 25th. She has lectured 39 nights in this city, 59 in Pittsburg, 16 in New York City, 15 in Washington, D. C. besides being in most of the large towns of this state, during the last 16 months."—*Philadelphia Methodist*, May 3, 1892.

In Memoriam

Your committee appointed to prepare suitable resolutions on the death of Sister Gordon respectfully submit the following: Again has the grim messenger death invaded our Grange Home and taken therefrom a faithful, much loved and loving Sister, Sarah A. Gordon wife of Brother J. N. Gorden, this being the ninth one this Grange has been called to follow to the silent city of the dead in its short history.

Sister Gordon has been a sufferer for some time with heart trouble, yet always cheerful and contented, her seat in the church and Grange never vacant, her hands never idle when work was to be done, if at all able to be present, her acts of charity never paraded. Truly she hath done what she could.

In view of the above be it

Resolved 1st. That though our loss is great, we want to realize that God is too wise to err, and too good to be unkind, therefore our loss must be her gain and do submissively bow to this dispensation of Providence.

Resolved 2nd. That we tender to Brother Gordon and son our sincere sympathy in this their sore bereavement, bidding them seek comfort in the Religion their dear one so faithfully exemplified in her life.

Resolved 3rd. That at our regular meeting October 1st. one half hour be set apart for suitable memorial services.

Resolved 4th. That as a token of our esteem for the deceased, our charter and Hall be draped in mourning for sixty days.

Resolved 5th. That these resolutions be entered on our minutes and a copy proffered the Town papers and *Farmer's Friend* for publication.

W. J. BIDLEMAN, MATILDA MENSCH, SAVINA HESS, } Bloomsburg Grange, No. 322 P. of H. Com.

THE COLUMBIA CELEBRATION IN NEW YORK. TAKE THE ROYAL READING RAILROAD.

The 400th anniversary of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus, will be celebrated in New York next week from October 10th to 14th, and the parades both by land and by sea and all the other events going to make up the Columbian Celebration will be on a scale both extensive and magnificent. There will be thousands of persons who will journey to the metropolis to witness this celebration, and the Reading Railroad will contribute to the success of the event by making a reduction in the regular excursion fare to New York. From October 9th to 12th, inclusive, the Reading Railroad will sell excursion tickets to New York from all points on its system, good to return until and including October 15th, at a rate of one and one-third the single fare. This will make the round trip cost only a trifle more than the fare one way. The train arrangements via the Reading Route are so arranged as to be particularly convenient to all who visit New York.

A Big Purchase.

Messrs. Browning, King & Co., are now probably the largest makers of clothing in the country. One order was recently placed by them, for piece goods to make up into garments for spring of 1893 amounting to $1,100,000, and this it is said was not the entire purchase but would be supplemented with several other orders. This firm is the inveterate foe of the odious "sweating system," everything being made in its own factory instead of being given out to dweelers in tenement houses.

Startling Figures, but Correct Ones.

After paying debts contracted by the last Republican congress, amounting to $50,000,000, the Democratic congress, now about to adjourn, has saved several million dollars to the taxpayers of the country. Had it not been for these Republican debts it may be stated that the Democratic congress would have so administered the government as to show a clear saving, over the cost of Republican rule, of between $55,000,000 and $65,000,000.—Raleigh State Chronicle.

Mrs. Amanda Patsley

For many years an esteemed communicant of Trinity Episcopal church, Newburgh, N. Y., always says **"Thank You"** to Hood's Sarsaparilla. She suffered for years from **Eczema** and **Scrofula** sores on her face, head and ears, making her deaf nearly a year, and affecting her sight. To the surprise of her friends

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has effected a cure and she can now hear and see as well as ever. For full particulars of her case send to C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

HOOD'S PILLS are hand made, and are perfect in condition, proportion and appearance.

THEY'RE ALL TALKING OF I

A Reporter investigates several pub recommendations, and finds

EVERY WORD TRUE.

More Words of Praise spoken than Pu lished.

The strong letters of recommendatl and experiences which have so frequent appeared in the various daily paper excited the curiosity of the Editor of t *Albany Argus*. Determined to know as the genuineness of the published doc ments, placed the matter in the hands one of their reporters, Mr. Robert A Male, the veteran foreman of VanSlyke Horton's Tobacco Factory, on Broadwa Albany, N. Y., was first called upon, an shown the following:

"About ten years ago I had a great deal trouble with stone in the bladder, and I had submit to an operation. But the old trouble appeared and I feared that another operati would be necessary. A friend suggested th I try Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Roc dout, N. Y., after using the medicine a sho while, I found it was doing me good. I contin ued its use and am happy to say it entirel cured me. I take it whenever I feel a little o of sorts, and it always does me good. But fo kidney or urinary trouble of any kind I am proof of its curative powers.

Mr. Male said every word was true an and he would not be without that valu able preparation.

Mr. F. C. Brink, of Poughkeepsie, N.Y. whose famous experience published as "A Scrap of Paper." Picking a scrap of pape up in the street on day, found it con tained Dr. Ken nedy's Favorit Remedy advertise ment, and as it par ticularly hit hi case, bought th medicine and found the help he ha been praying for.

Mr. F. C. Brink.

In answer as to the truth of the article, Mr. Brink said he was always pleased to say a good word for Favorite Remedy, and referred the writer to the following letter lately published in the *Poughkeepsie Eagle*.

Gentlemen:—Receiving many letters from all over the country, asking as to the truth of an advertisement printed in your paper, giving my experience with Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, I wish to say it was a pleasure to give that recommendation to Dr. Kennedy, and when I said I was cured of catarrh of the bladder and chronic kidney disease, I wrote simply the truth.

For years before I used this valuable medicine, I suffered from urinary troubles, pain in my back and a nervous, sleepless condition, yet before I had taken the fourth bottle I was cured, sound and well. I have replied to these letters and am willing to do similar service to those afflicted. But I make this public statement hoping it may reach the eye of the sufferer, and save me personal correspondence, for at my age letter writing is note easy.

Yours truly,
24 Thompson Street. F. C. BRINK.

Mr. Peter Lawler, chief engineer of Messrs. Crane & Co's Paper Mill, Dalton, Mass., said:

"I don't look much like a dead man, but I was pretty near one. For fifteen years I suffered pains in my side, my urine was subject to violent stoppages, and often tinged with blood. I lost flesh, appetite, and strength. I consulted several physicians who said I was suffering from gravel and inflamation of the kidneys and that I could live but a short time. Mr. John Spencer of Pittsfield, learning of my condition, said "don't bother with the doctors, take Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy and be cured." I at once sent for the same, and had taken only part of the bottle, when two pieces of stone passed my bladder, and now am entirely well. Costiveness and rheumetism trouble me no more, and I feel like a new man. Thanks entirely to Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

Mr. Peter Lawler.

Mr. E. D. Parsons, head book-keeper Wholesale Dry Goods House of S. J. Arnold & Co., Rochester, N. Y., had a similar experience. Seized one day with pain in his back, next came stoppage of urine. Medical advise was sought, and pronounced it stone in the bladder. In writing to a friend he says:

Mr. E. D. Parsons.

"I suffered beyond words to describe. None of the means taken produced any benefit, until I began the use of Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy which dissolved the stone, the symptoms began to yield, the pain ceased and from this time my recovery was complete. Can I after this experience speak too highly of that which saved my life?"

"I can speak in higher praise than I have written," are the words of every person I talked with, which proves the great popularity of this remedy, possessing what no other medicine has, the power to save life. It can be used with safety by all ages.

The worst cases of nervous prostration, sleeplessness, headaches and digestive troubles, yield to its curative power. Salt rheum, eczema, rheumatism, scrofula, or any disease arising from impure blood, are banished by this brain, nerve and blood tonic, Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

$6.55 PRESENT FREE!

Beautiful book containing the latest vocal music full sheet-music plates, handsome cover, including the following gems, unabridged:

Afterwards,	40	I've Worked Eight Hours,	40
Baby's Fast Asleep,	40	I Whistle and Wait,	40
Comrades,	50	Love's Golden Dream,	40
God Bless Our Land,	25	Old Organ Flower,	40
Go Pretty Rose,	50	Our Last Waltz,	40
Guard the Fing,	40	Over the Moonlit Sea,	40
In Old Madrid,	50	Sweet Katie Conner,	40
Mary and John,	40	What is Love,	40

We give this book to introduce to you

KROUT'S BAKING POWDER

And KROUT'S FLAVORING EXTRACTS,

Unsurpassed for PURITY and STRENGTH. Your grocer will give you a circular containing additional Premium List with full particulars how to get them free.

ALBERT KROUT, Chemist, Phila.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease *Consumption*, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for *Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis* and all throat and lung *Maladies* He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Brooklyn, New York Sept. 16, 1 yr.

Agents Wanted for the Best Selling Book and Picture ever published. Sells at sight. Enormous profits. Big Commissions. Credit given. Freight paid. Outfit free. Address at once STINSON & CO., PORTLAND, MAINE.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1892.

There have been several deaths in Danville recently from diphtheria.

S. F. Peacock & Co. are giving away to their customers a very readable little book called the Black Beauty.

H. V. White & Co. are putting in machinery for the manufacture of buckwheat flour.

The Benton Democratic Club will meet in McHenry's Hall, on Saturday evening.

I. S. Kuhn is preparing to put down concrete pavement in front of his residence.

Mrs. J. J. Robbins formerly of this town, died at Wilksbarre last Monday.

H. W. Sloan has erected a new awning in front of his store. It is higher than the old one.

S. D. Neyhard has completed his work in New York and returned to Bloomsburg. He is ready to do any work in the line of civil engineering.

Thomas P. Hanly Esq., has rented rooms in the COLUMBIAN building, second floor and moved his law office therein.

E. A. Rawlings slaughtered a calf on Tuesday that weighed 240 pounds. It was supposed to be about six weeks old.

The viewers appointed by the court on the petition for a county bridge across the river at Bloomsburg, reported in favor of a bridge on Monday.

The fountain committee of the Town Council found it necessary to send to New York to get a man to erect the fountain. He arrived on Tuesday, and the work is going on rapidly.

The new court room on the third floor of the court house was used for the first time on Monday, Judge Savidge of Sunbury presiding. Judge Ikeler held court in the old court room.

Bull's-Head Flavoring Extracts of Lemon, Orange, Vanilla, Rose, Almond and Ginger, for flavoring ice-cream, custard, jelly, cake, &c., are the best and cheapest. Give them a trial.

Columbus Day will be properly celebrated on the 21st. The meeting will be held on the Fair Ground, and an appropriate and interesting program has been arranged. It is hoped that all places of business will be closed in the afternoon during the exercises.

Prof. Thos. Metherell, the well known musician and composer, has our thanks for a copy of one of his compositions, a grand march, entitled "Lead on, Leader." The music is spirited and pretty. It is published by Jean White of Boston.

Philip Harris of Centre township gathered from his peach orchard this season nearly a thousand dollars worth of peaches. They were fine fruit, and were handled and sold by T. D. Robbins. Those who got them here, can bear witness to their excellent quality.

When a cold or cough has been neglected for a long time and tubercles, have been formed in the lungs the cure of the sufferer is hopeless. How important it is that these first stages should be watched and the first symptoms detected and cured with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

The pretty little soubrette Rose Adelle, kicks her heels, sings her songs and captivates her audience with "Squire Haskins" this season. The "Squire" is surrounded by a bevy of pretty misses. Great combination.

Bloomsburg Opera House, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 14 and 15. Admission 50 and 25 cents, no extra charge for reserved seats.

H. H. Hulme has been making a number of important improvements in his flouring mill north of town. In addition to a large and powerful new turbine wheel which has just been put in, the mill will soon be fitted out with the newest improved and most complete roller process machinery for grinding both wheat and buckwheat flour.—*Benton Argus.*

MUSIC LESSONS.

Chas. P. Elwell, for the past three years a student in Boston, is giving lessons on piano and violin. Both taught in the best methods, piano in New England Conservatory method, violin according to the German school.

The Bloomsburg police force now includes three uniformed officers, D. R. Coffman being the latest addition.

Hood's Sarsaparilla absolutely cures all diseases caused by impure blood and it builds up the whole system s

Cummings & Verdy have opened a branch store at Shickshinny. Mrs. Mary Ent and her two sons of Light-street have it in charge.

"Mrs. H. E. Monroe has become one of the leading lights of the lecture platform, and her illustrations are of a high order.

Edward Murphy, brother of Judge C. G. Murphy, was buried at Centralia last Saturday morning. His death occurred in Philadelphia. His age was 53 years.

Mr. John N. Gordon of Montour township has our thanks for a basket of delicious grapes, including seven varieties. They were raised on his place.

The vested choir of St. Paul's church will accompany the rector, Rev. W. C. Leverett, to Catawissa next Sunday morning, and take charge of the musical portion of the services. There will be no services at St. Paul's on Sunday morning.

John Thrasher who resided near Benton, went out hunting on Monday, and late at night his body was found near the house of his father in-law S. Krickbaum, with a load of shot in his heart. It is not known whether he was killed accidentally or put an end to his own life.

"Mrs. Monroe is a woman of rare intelligence and culture. She showed great familiarity with her subject and told the story of Luther from his youth up to death in a most pleasing and instructive manner. The views are fine works of art and made the narrative very enjoyable. The costumes were rich and showed the style of dress worn in the reformation period. The dialogue and action made the historic facts more real." Do not forget the Luther Entertainment.—Waynesboro *Gazette*, Jan. 3, 1892.

Next week during the fair the town will be full of fakirs and gamblers who will try to pick up some money in their own way. What they get, some body else will loose. It would be well for the unwary to bear in mind two things, first, that you can't get something for nothing, and second, that it is hard to beat a man at his own game. Beware of the stranger who wants to get you into a little game, and dont bet on the shell with a pea under it. Those who have money to spend, should spend it where they can receive value for it, and can rely on the party they deal with.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Lutheran Church of Bloomsburg have arranged with Mrs. H. E. Monroe of Phila. to give her illustrated Luther Lecture and Entertainment in the Opera House, Oct. 11 and 12 This Entertainment is a brief history of the life of Martin Luther, the great Reformer; its effect is educational and elevating. The audience will be taken back to the 16th Century by a lecture of more than ordinary interest illustrated by 85 stereoptican views and living representations of the men who took part in that trying time. 70 young ladies and gentlemen, dressed in the costume of Luther's time, singing his favorite hymn and giving triumphal marches, will present a most pleasing scene on the stage. The "Diet at Worms" is one of the principal features of the evening.

Those who heard Mrs. Monroe in the Normal Lecture Course of last year can testify to her wonderful ability as a lecturer, and to the views as being perfect works of art.

A Sign of the Times.

A sign over a clock in a railway station in the Catskills reads :—

This is a clock!
It is running!
It is New York time!
Now shut up!

It caused a great deal of merriment Not as much, however, as does "Squire Haskins" the best of all comedies. They have special scenery.

Bloomsburg Opera House, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 14 and 15. Admission 50 and 25 cents, no extra charge for reserved seats.

The M. C. Sloan property, corner of Market and Third streets, was sold at auction on Thursday to Dr. Hughes for $5500.

The new track at the Fair Grounds is in excellent shape. It is almost as level as a floor, and as solid as could be desired. We all look forward for good races next week.

An extra race will be held at the Columbia County Fair, Bloomsburg Wednesday afternoon, for pacing horses. Time 2:34 and a purse of $200.

There is a false rummor in circulating that the admission to the Columbia County fair has been raised to 50 cents. How this falsehood originated is not known. The price of admission will be 25 cents as usual.

"To tell all the fine and enjoyable items connected with the Luther Entertainment would be a task beyond us. The marching of the 70 at different periods of the evening was also a very pleasant feature."—*Mechanicsburg Journal*, Feb. 20, 1892.

Fred Sury was buried here on Sunday last. He was formerly a resident of Bloomsburg, and was employed by G. W. Bertsch. His death occurred as the result of an operation for the removal of a tumorous growth on his head. He has resided at Danville for several years.

H. A. Kramer will have an oyster stand on the fair grounds during the fair. He says he will have the largest oyster plates, the biggest cups of coffee and the best oysters on the ground. His place will be known by the wind wheel on top. Look for it. He will have ham sandwiches, and other refreshments.

Everybody should be sure to be at the Opera House on the nights of Oct. 11th. and 12th. and see the finest stereoptican views and hear one of the best lectures by Mrs. H. E. Monroe of Phila. in behalf of the Christian Endeavor Society of the Lutheran Church that has ever been presented to the citizens of Bloomsburg. It is not only intended for church members, but every one will enjoy being carried back into the 16th. century during the reformation period. Price only 35c and 25c. Tickets can be had at W. H. Brooke's store on Main Street.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., post office and will be sent to the dead letter office October 18, 1892.

Miss Maud Gray Brook, Mr. J C. Brooks, Mr. S. B. Bigalow, Mr. Chas. Cook (2), Mr. W. A. Davies, Miss Mary Heller, Miss Ada G. Lewis, Miss Ann Zuinan, Mr. C. L. Santee, Mr. James Tagert.

CARDS.

Miss Ada Lewis.

Persons calling for these letters will please say they were advertised October 4, 1892. One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

A. B. CATHCART, P. M.

A Million Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds.—If you have never used this Great Cough Medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at C. A. Kleim's Drug store. Large bottles 50c. and $1.00.

Married.

By Rev. W. G Ferguson, Sept. 29, at Methodist Episcopal parsonage, corner 5th st. and Market st., John Wesley Shaffer to Miss Katie Welliver, all of Bloomsburg.

TALES FROM TOWN TOPICS.

2d year of the most successful Quarterly ever published.

More than 3,000 LEADING NEWSPAPERS in North America have complimented this publication during its first year, and universally concede that its numbers afford the brightest and most entertaining reading that can be had.

Published 1st day of September, December, March and June.

Ask Newsdealer for it, or send the price, 50 cents, in stamps or postal note to

TOWN TOPICS,

21 West 23d St., New York.

☞ This brilliant Quarterly is *not* made up from the *current* year's issues of TOWN TOPICS, but contains the best stories, sketches, burlesques, poems, witticisms, etc., from the *back numbers* of that unique journal, admittedly the crispest, raciest, most complete, and to all MEN AND WOMEN the most interesting weekly ever issued.

Subscription Price:

Town Topics, per year, - - $4.00
Tales From Town Topics, per year, 2.00
The two clubbed, - - - 5.00

TOWN TOPICS sent 3 months on trial for $1.00.

N. B.—Previous Nos. of "TALES" will be promptly forwarded, postpaid, on receipt of 50 cents each.

DUFFEY'S
MARKET SQUARE GALLERY,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Headquarters for fine Photographs and Crayons. Copying and enlarging done in our artistic manner. All negatives made by Roshon are preserved and duplicates can be had at any time at reduced rates.

GALLERY OVER
HARTMAN'S STORE.
10-7-1yr.

Hail, Procession.

[Air—"Hail, Columbia."]

Hail, procession, strong and grand,
Hail, ye leaders in command!
We fall in line to take the polls,
We fall in line to take the polls
And rout the leaders of that band
Which would despoil state, home and land;
The people's triumph must be won
And equal justice must be done—
We'll never falter in the fight,
For we must vindicate the right.

CHORUS.

Home rule, justice, equal laws,
All depend upon our cause;
So united let us be,
Just and true Democracy.

Courageous Grover leads the fight,
And fearless Adlai lends his might,
To strike taxation's ruthless hand,
To strike taxation's ruthless hand
From pockets taxed and stripped to need
By plutocratic laws and greed;
And we are soldiers to the cause
Of justice, right and equal laws,
And fight the bill the classes drew
To tax the millions for the few.

Both Cleve and Steve, who hold command,
For less expense and tariff stand—
The rock of virtue stays their feet,
The rock of virtue stays their feet,
While sense of justice nerves their arms
To kill that force bill which alarms;
So let us rally at their call
And win the campaign, once for all—
They'll hold the office as a trust
To make laws equal, fair and just.

Yes, we'll down unequal laws
And hear an earthquake of applause
Attest the joy of human souls,
Attest the joy of human souls
From sea to sea, from pole to pole,
Thus freed from class protection's toll;
And then the scale of equal right
Will balance as the weight grows light
Upon that end which is depressed
With bounty tax by class assessed.

We Are Coming, Grover.

[Air—"Wearing of the Green."]

We are coming, Grover—Grover, dear,
Five million men and more,
To put you in the White House,
As we did in eighty-four.
We are coming with determined hearts
Our country's wrongs to right,
And we'll never leave the battlefield
As long's a rogue's in sight.

CHORUS.

We are marching on to Washington,
Five million men and more,
And we'll land you in the White House,
As we did in eighty-four,
For we know that you are true as steel,
While Adlai, he's the same,
So, Benny, pack your trunks, my boy,
For Dennis is your name.

They no longer deceive us
With their three card monte talk,
And on November eighth, you bet,
We'll make the robbers walk;
We know "protection" does protect,
We're certain sure of that,
But who else but the rich men
And the party of "the hat!"

We are coming, Grover, coming,
And we think we're sure to win;
Then all the rascals we'll turn out
And put our good men in;
We've had enough of force bills
And the poor man's living tax;
So, Grover, start your message now,
And, Adlai, get your ax!

We are coming, Grover, coming,
And we'll put you in the chair,
And Frankie, too, and little Ruth—
We want you all three there.
A congress, too, we'll sure elect,
To help the people's cause
By knocking out all force bills,
And all poor-man taxing laws.

I. W. Hartman & Sons.

Our prelude on the *County Fair* says, "That no where in all this part of the State, a ground equal in size and arrangement can be found. With good weather for *five days* everybody with their father, mother, grandfather and grandmother will be here. *Stop a moment to read about our big Stock of goods, about* our *Coats* for Ladies, Misses and children, nearly 300 now open in the *Coat Room* all styles and prices, (25 Long *Coats* at half price,) *about* our Dress Goods and Trimmings, *about* our Flannels, *about* our Underwear, *about* our Linens, in Table Cloths, Towels and Napkins, *about* our Blankets, Yarns, Hosiery, Shoes, Muslins, Shirtings, Ginghams, &c,. &c., *about* our Dishes, Glass Ware, Lamps, &c, *about* the display we make in both departments of the stores. We shall have clerks enough to wait on you, come early, come late, come any time.

I. W. HARTMAN & SONS.

Some one has said that a bargain is an article sold under its real *value*. Some advertisers are not believers in this theory or are as economical of the truth as they are with their bargains.

But "an honest tale speeds best being plainly told." This is our purpose in offering *Wall paper* bargains. They are bargains because they are as we represent them, full length, full weight, bona-fide goods.

We know one instance of a bargain in wall paper which after it was on the walls lead pencil marks showed through. Whose was the bargain?

Come and see us before buying elsewhere.

W. H. BROOKE & Co.

Sheriff's Sales.

John Mourey, sheriff, sold the following properties at the court house on Saturday afternoon:

William Lemon property to Margaret Lemon for 22.50; the A. J. Brochius property to A. M. Bidleman for 22.23, and the John Hinderliter property to Geo. M. Tusin, assignee of the Catawissa Deposit Bank, for $150.

J. Preston Yorks, of Mainville, Pa., gave us a friendly call on Saturday. He is still engaged in teaching and would be pleased to furnish the teachers throughout the county with any educational papers they desire Please send your subscriptions to him or write what papers you wish to take and he will have them sent to you and receive the subscription price at the Institute He will furnish sample copies of all the leading educational papers.

Mr. Bennett's Tally-ho coach drove up from Danville last Saturday with a load of ladies and gentlemen. The party dined at the Exchange Hotel.

DR. KILMER'S
SWAMP-ROOT

Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure.

Rheumatism,

Lumbago, pain in joints or back, brick dust in urine, frequent calls, irritation, inflamation, gravel, ulceration or catarrh of bladder.

Disordered Liver,

Impaired digestion, gout, bilious-headache. SWAMP-ROOT cures kidney difficulties, *La Grippe*, urinary trouble, bright's disease.

Impure Blood,

Scrofula, malaria, gen'l weakness or debility.

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund to you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00 Size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free.

DR. KILMER & Co., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

You and Your Children

It is a wonderful remedy, which is alike beneficial to you and your children. Such is *Scott's Emulsion* of Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. It checks wasting in the children and produces sound, healthy flesh. It keeps them from taking cold and it will do the same for you

Scott's Emulsion **cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Scrofula and all Anaemic and Wasting Diseases. Prevents wasting in children. Almost as palatable as milk. Get only the genuine.** Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York. Sold by all Druggists.

Scott's Emulsion

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Female Weakness Positive Cure.

TO THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the thousand and one ills which arise from deranged female organs. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any lady if they will send their Express and P. O. address. Yours respectfully, DR. W. B. MARCHISI, 90 GENESSEE ST., UTICA, N. Y.

Daring Fair Best Photographs and Crayons at M'Killip Bros. Over Clark & Son's Store.

Lowest prices on Prescriptions and drugs at Rishton's. 3t.

For all school books and school supplies go to Mercer's Drug and Book store.

For Wall Paper and Window Shades go to Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

All prescriptions left at Rishton's Pharmacy will be compounded by *himself*. *Lowest prices.* 3t.

Writing paper by the Box or Quire at Mercer's Drug and Book store.

Glasses fitted free of charge at J. G. Wells.' All workguaranteed.

Slates, Pencils, Pens, Inks, Tablets, and all school books at Mercer's Drug and Book store.

Deeds, single and double acknowledgement, at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

The largest and best line of sponges ever brought to town at Rishton's Pharmacy. 3t.

A fine crayon portrait given with every $10 worth of goods purchased at J. A. Hess, the shoe dealer.

Don't fail to call at J. A. Hess', and examine his fine line of shoes for summer wear, Oxford Ties, etc., before purchasing elsewhere.

Don't forget that we sell all school books used at the Normal and Public schools. J. H. MERCER.

During Fair Best Photographs and Crayons at M'Killip Bros. Over Clark & Son's store.

W. S. Rishton Ph G. announces that all prescriptions left at his Drug Store are compounded by *himself* at the *lowest possible price.* 10-7-3t.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by C. A. Kleim.

SCHOOL OF COMMERCE

Not like a BUSINESS COLLEGE;
Not like a SHORTHAND COLLEGE;
Not like a LITERARY COLLEGE;
Not like a TELEGRAPH COLLEGE, but
THOROUGHLY and EMPHATICALLY
INDIVIDUAL and ORIGINAL.

Catalogue mailed for 4 stamps. Address, NELSON ARTHUR MILLER, Pres't, Elmira, N. Y.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

(°)

The're Here.

The handsomest line of **Dress Goods** we have ever shown, consisting in part Jacquard weaves, Crockadiles, Serges, Storm Serges, Habit Cloths, Henriettas, Dress Cloths, Dress Silks, etc., all at popular prices, also a full line of Ladies' ready made **Tailor Dresses.**

H. J. CLARK & SON.

Dress Trimmings, full new lines of the newest Effects in Jets, Gimps, Stomachers, Edgings, Gimps, Buttons, Featherine and Fur Trimmings.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

Blankets and Comfortables, Blankets 70, 85c, $1, $1.25 a pair and up. Comfortables, 70c up. Try our $1.50 Comfortable, Flannels of all kinds, Ladies' Skirts, $1.00 up.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

COATS, CAPES, Russian Blouses

All the latest novelties in Ladies' and Childrens' COATS of all kinds at prices to please all. See our $5.00 Coat of Cheviot cloth, 4 Silk Loops full Shawl-collar of Fur, a Melton Cloth Coat, 4 Furheads, full Shawl-collar, half Silk lined at $11-50. If you want Ladies' or Childrens Coats it will pay you to examine our line.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

During Fair, Best Photographs and Crayons at M'Killip Bros. Over Clark & Son's store.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Sylvester Pursel, late of Hemlock township.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Sylvester Pursel late of Hemlock twp., Col. Co. Pa., have been granted to the undersigned administrators to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

D. C. PURSEL,
F. D. DENTLER,
9-16-6t Bloomsburg, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of George Shuman, deceased.

Letters of administration with the will annexed, in the estate of George Shuman late of Mifflin township, Columbia county Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administratrix. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay. MARY M. CAMPBELL,
B. FRANK ZARR, Attorney. Administratrix, Mainville, Pa.
9-23-6t.

SEVERN'S TEMPTATION.

Arthur Severn raised his head from the book which he had been poring over the greater part of the afternoon and gazed despondently at the dingy walls of the room. Finally he rose, and, going to the window, peered out through the cracked and grimy panes of glass, now streaked with the rain which was driving violently from the east. From early morning the rain had been falling incessantly, and as darkness began to close around the village the wind blew more violently than ever and the rain fell in heavier torrents. A large brown patch appeared on the ceiling above and the water began to drip down and form little puddles on the uncarpeted floor. It was a melancholy day, and Severn felt that it accorded well with his own evil fortune. He occupied the only habitable room in a large, old, tumble-down house that stood off at one side of the village near the river and had been falling to decay for years.

Severn was striving to make his way through college, and when the landlord's agent suggested his taking a room in the "old Holloway house" at a much lower figure than he could obtain lodging for elsewhere, he felt constrained on account of his poverty to accept the offer. His parents were poor, and, moreover, averse to his taking a college course, so that he was unable to receive any aid from them. For sometime past he had found himself inextricably involved in financial embarrassment, and he had often been on the point of giving up the whole thing, but the letters which came from Mary Eldridge, full of encouragement and loving sympathy, always induced him to take a brighter view of the circumstances.

He had met Mary at the academy at Melville and a mutual admiration for each other's scholarly attainments had been the first step in the formation of a friendship that ripened into love. Mary had gone to Wellesley to complete her education and Severn was in his sophmore year at college. Miss Eldridge came of wealthy parents and had always been surrounded with the comforts of a well ordered home. Severn knew that her unselfish disposition would exact no conditions to their engagement, but he was fully determined never to let her share his lot until he had completed his education and secured a competent income.

During the last year a series of misfortunes had overtaken him. A friend, to whom he had loaned the money with which he expected to meet the bulk of his expenses, suddenly died, leaving his debts wholly unliquidated. Severn himself had undergone a severe illness during the Fall, and to satisfy his numerous obligations he secured a few hundred dollars from Mr. Holloway, who was always ready to make loans at usurious interest but remorseless in exacting his claims. Finally he began to receive letters from home urging him to return to the farm. "Unless he could give some aid they would lose the old place," his mother wrote.

If duty called him home he would go, but he felt that if he did his prospects were gone An idea struck him. If he could induce Mr. Holloway to give him time on his loan and trust him for his rent until he could get to earning something, he would send the money home which he had been accumulating for the payment of his debt. He went to see Mr. Holloway, but the response was so chilly that he felt almost guilty of some heinous crime.

"It is not business," said Mr. Holloway, "not business. Would like to oblige you, but must have some method."

A dunning letter from the agent, following conspicuously close upon his visit to Mr. Holloway, filled his soul with bitterness. The way out of his difficulties seemed as dark as the day on which we find him brooding over his evil fortune in the "old Holloway house." The water fell in torrents and the river in the rear was so swollen by the rain that it had overflowed its banks and was washing the foundation stones of the shaky old structure. The room was chilly and wet, but he built no fire, and though darkness came on early he hardly observed the change, but sat pondering over the hopeless outlook without even the ghostly light from the seams in the rickety stove to reveal the outlines of the room. The wind continued to rise and the rain to fall faster, until the old shell quivered and quaked, but Severn paid no attention. His soul was shaken by storm also. There was as much darkness within as without. He knew his own disposition too well to attempt to study until he could quiet his nerves, so he sat in the darkness until long after midnight listening to the howling wind and the roar of the swollen river.

Suddenly there came a crash; there was a heavy fall of plastering, and for a minute Severn thought that the old house was about to give way. To have its walls fall upon him he knew would be almost certain death, but with a thrill of melancholy pleasure he hoped for a moment that it might happen. The old building creaked and strained, but there came a lull in the storm, and it finally settled back to its normal condition.

Severn lighted the lamp to see if his books had been damaged and to investigate the injury to the room. A large patch of plastering had fallen from the wall and lay scattered over the floor. After the investigation he felt calmer and went to bed for the night.

The next morning, contrary to his usual neatness, he left the broom in its corner and the room continued to present a very dilapidated appearance. In the afternoon after returning from class he seated himself in his chair and gazed listlessly at the heap of rubbish on the floor. Stooping forward he took up a bit of broken plastering and slowly picked it to pieces, thinking of Mary and wondering if the days would ever brighten.

He had been pursuing this aimless occupation for some time, when suddenly he observed that the face of the piece which he held in his hand was less discolored than that which surrounded the edge of the broken patch. He drew his chair closer to the wall, and in examining found that a hole had once been made through the lathing about a foot square. The pieces had afterward been spliced and a new coat of plastering overlaid. His curiosity was now excited to know the object of the opening, and so he brought a hammer from a chest and proceeded to draw the nails. After removing the pieces he reached in and began to explore. There was nothing to be found, however, so he washed his hands and began to clear away the debris.

As he was about to replace the pieces of lath he thought he saw a string hanging down into the cavity. He reached his hand again into the opening, took hold of the filament and pulled, but it promptly broke. He examined the fibers and discovered that it was an old piece of silk cord, now extremely rotten and discolored. He became more curious and resolved to trace the mystery to its source. He reached his hand into the cavity as far as he could, following the cord. Again he pulled, and this time it resisted and he felt something at the other end move slightly. He gave a stronger pull, but the cord broke, this time at the point of attachment.

He improvised a hook by driving a nail into the end of a piece of board, and with this succeeded in drawing something toward him. Finally he was able to reach the object. He drew it in front of the opening, and with both hands lifted an old mahogany box out upon the floor. For some time he sat staring at it in curious suspense.

"Well, you are a queer fish in queer waters," said Severn to himself with suppressed excitement. "I guess you must have lost your bearings or you would never have been swallowed by this shark of a wall. I'll find out what's inside of you at any rate," and taking up a hammer he struck the old lock a heavy blow. He struck it again and again, but finally it broke and the lid flew open.

Severn drew back in astonishment and wonder, for his eyes rested upon a large leathern bag and beside it were two bars of gold. With trembling hands he loosened the strings of the sack and opened it, to find it full of gold coins. There were several compartments in the chest. In one he found a sparkling row of rings, and as he held them up to the light he saw by their brilliancy that they were diamonds of rare value. He found some papers that purported possession of a large amount of English property in one Cyrus Holloway, great-grandfather of his present landlord. There was an inventory of the contents of the box and the amount counted up into the hundreds of thousands.

He was overwhelmed by the discovery and sat down to collect his thoughts. He remembered now of having once heard that Mr. Holloway had come of wealthy ancestry, but that during the revolutionary war the largest part of the property had been lost, and that the fortune of the present Mr. Holloway was mostly of his own acquisition. There could be no doubt that the box belonged by right to his landlord, but the temptation was terrible. There was no chance of discovery if he kept it himself, and besides it could add no material happiness to the legitimate owner, for he already had a sufficiency.

To Severn it represented all the comforts of life. He could pay all his debts, free his father's farm from the mortgage, complete his education and afterward provide a home for Mary.

The perspiration stood in beads on his forehead as he struggled against the tempter. Finally he arose and with compressed lips donned his hat, and locking the door behind him he turned his steps toward Mr. Holloway's.

"Of course it's mine, every cent of it," said Mr. Holloway, when an hour later he stood before the opened box. His eyes gleamed with satisfaction as he beheld the contents. He tucked the box under his coat and left the house, with an admonition to Severn to keep quiet for a few weeks.

Severn felt intensely relieved. "I have been saved from a worse fate than poverty," he thought, as he sat down to his book.

That evening Mr. Holloway's agent called to announce that Severn would be allowed time on his loan, and that he might have a much better room in one of his new houses, with unlimited time for the payment of rent.

Severn was overjoyed; he sent the money to his mother, moved into his new quarters and afterward, by mysterious good luck, secured lucrative work, by means of which he completed his course in college very comfortably. On the day of graduation Mr. Holloway met him at the door of the church, and, after grunting a congratulation, invited him to call the next morning at his office.

At the appointed time he was on hand. "I need an honest man to attend to my business, and if you wish to take the position I offer you will be able to pay what you owe me," said Mr. Holloway.

A year later Severn went away for a few weeks and when he returned Mary came with him. Mr. Holloway proved a good friend in his way, and when he died a goodly share of the proceeds of the old chest passed as a legacy to Mr. Arthur Severn.—Chicago News.

The Queen of Denmark is particularly clever in millinery, a talent which has been inherited by her three daughters—the Empress of Russia, the Princess of Wales and the Duchess of Cumberland.

Colonel Thomas E. Rose, of the Seventy-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, who is said to have designed the Libby Prison Tunnel, by which 609 prisoners escaped, is now an officer in the regular service.

BAD COINS.

Methods of Detection Followed at the United States Treasury.

"Here's the way we test coins in the Treasury." And the expert quickly poised the dollar piece horizontally on the top of his forefinger, holding the thumb a quarter of an inch away from it and gave it a brisk tap with another coin. A clear, silvery ring sounded out. "Good, but here; listen;" and he repeated the operation with another coin that gave out a dull, heavy clink that ceased almost as soon as it began. "Type metal and lead; molded, too. That is a wretched counterfeit." "How do you tell that it was molded?" He held the two coins so that the light struck on their edges. "Just compare the reading, will you, or milling, as most people call it. In this genuine coin this is very clear and sharp cut; in the counterfeit it is coarse and dull. That is because molded instead of being stamped in cold metal, like the Government coins." "Why do the counterfeiters not use the same cold process?" "It costs too much and makes too much noise. With a mold, you see, a counterfeiter can carry on his work in a garret, and if a policeman comes in he can shy the whole outfit out of the window. But it takes great power to run a die. Still some high-flying counterfeiters do use them, and their work is usually harder to detect, though it is never so perfect as that of the Government Mint."

"What is the surest test for the counterfeit coin for popular use?" "The looks of the reading, as I was telling you—the milling, by the way, is on the face of the coin, and not on the edge, as most people think. That's the surest and easiest thing, but of course other tests have to be used, especially for weight and thickness. A little scale for weight and measure is the handiest thing to settle that. Then, for plated coin a drop of acid squirted on the edge where the plating wears most will chew up the base metal in a hurry." "What acid do you use?" "For gold coin a mixture of strong nitric acid 6½ drams, muriatic acid 15 drops, and water 5 drams, is used; for silver, 24 grains of nitrate of silver and 20 drops of nitric acid, with one ounce of water. One drop is sufficient. If the coin is heavily plated we scrape it a little before putting on the acid."—Springfield Republican.

American and Foreign Schools.

President Eliot of Harvard University has been severely criticised for some comments he made on the public schools of this country before an educational meeting in Hartford, Conn. He said: "We are all wrong in supposing that we have the best school system in the world. There is not a country in the North of Europe which has not a better system. The immigrants who come to our shores from abroad will be found to have a far better school training in what are denominated the common branches than the average of the rural population of this country. In democratic schools we close the gate to the scholar in all the interesting studies after the age of thirteen."

One of the men displeased with these statements is Commissioner of Education Strauss, of New York city. He pronounced President Eliot's utterances as not only "extraordinary, but preposterous." He claims that "the average of our school children between eight and twelve years old are better, brighter, often know more and learn with greater facility, than the German children of the same age, whose school system is the best in Europe. Even in music our boys are away ahead of the foreigners. The pupils in Europe are given the merest idea of arithmetic and such branches, while they are filled with a knowledge of the ancient languages. Other critics have also dissented decidedly from President Eliot's position.

The views of the President of Harvard University may be somewhat radical, and they may have been stated in rather plain mannered language. But it will not do to dismiss them too curtly. It is probable that they have more foundation in fact than many people suspect. The American public school system has been lauded to the skies. It has been described as the foundation stone and the chief glory of the republic. A generation ago it probably deserved all that was said of it. It was then far ahead of any European school system, with the possible exception of the German. But within the past thirty years it is a question whether the public school system of this country has kept step with the advance of the people in other respects.—Philadelphia Press.

"The Editor's Easy Chair."

Editor—We can't use your poems now.

Poet—Why should you always delight in sitting on me in preference to others?

Editor—When I sit on a post, of course I prefer a Spring poet.—Smith, Gray & Co's Monthly.

Not Well Said.

"I didn't see you in church last Sunday, Mr. Spiffles," said the dominie.

"No; I slept at home last Sunday morning," replied Mr. Spiffles.—Brooklyn Life.

Correct.

Leader of Vigilants—Come, now, over to this tree and put your head into this noose.

Horse-Thief (defiantly)—I'll be hanged if I do!—Brooklyn Life.

Just the Opposite.

Cubbage (meeting Lejjer on the Montreal train)—You are going to Canada for a rest, I suppose?

Lejjer—No; to avoid arrest.

Poverty is uncomfortable, but in nine times out of ten the best thing that can happen to a young man is to be tossed overboard and compelled to sink or swim for himself.

According to the census office we are all worth $1,000 apiece. Some unreasonable people are calling on Uncle Sam to settle up now and call it square.—Boston Globe.

"Ailing women, hear my story!"

"I was about dead with womb trouble when I began to take *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.*

"I did not know what rest was for months. I was so dizzy and faint at times I thought I was dying. Oh! how my back did ache! and I was so cross and irritable!

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AFRAID HE WOULDN'T PASS.

A Man With a Bad Family Record in Quest of Life Insurance.

He was a man well along in middle age and was willing to be insured. The agent has prepared his "application," and turned him over to the searching scrutiny of the accomplished medical examiner.

"I might as well tell you, doctor, to begin with, that ours has been a family of fatalities and sudden deaths," said the applicant.

The examiner looked serious as he replied:

"Why, you seem to be in excellent physical condition. What did your father die of?"

"Heart disease."

"That's bad. How old was he?"

"Ninety-two."

"Um! And your mother?"

"She's gone too. Killed at a crossing."

"And her age?"

"Mother was a little over 70."

"Do you know the age and cause of your grandfathers' deaths?" continued the examiner.

"Yes, indeed. Father's father died just a week after his 90th birthday. They said he used too much tobacco. Mother's father was only 88. Falling down stairs finished him."

"And your grandmothers?"

"One of them had consumption at 86, and died of it in no time. The other was nipped by sunstroke at 84. Oh, they all went quick."

The examiner did not seem so grave as he asked: "Have you any brothers or sisters?"

"One sister and two brothers," was the answer. "John went out into the mining country when he was seventy-two, got into trouble there, called a drunken man a liar, and was shot. Henry was drowned at sixty-nine trying to help save two young fellows that could swim. Sister's alive. She's awfully careless; ate a lot of green stuff the day of her golden wedding, then danced in the evening with all the old fellows out on the lawn, even after it was raining; took her two days to get over it. She'll go in a hurry like all the rest some of these times."

"Well," said the medical gentleman, smiling, "I think I'll chance you, and don't believe your application will be 'turned down' at the home office. Only you must look out for yourself. Be careful about catching hard colds after you are 80 years old."

He Apologized.

"Many funny things happen on the big Sound steamers which never find their way into print," said a travelling man, in a hotel lobby on upper Broadway.

"The last trip I made down to Boston was characterized by one of the funniest incidents that I ever run across. There was aboard a New England spinster, one of the most sour-faced, rasping-voiced, disagreeable old females that I have ever seen. She was always giving trouble, and kept the poor luggage steward constantly at her beck and call. At last the man lost his temper, and told her to go to the devil.

"The lady, in a high state of indignation, reported the man to the captain. That gentleman told the steward he must find out the lady and apologize to her.

"The steward consented to do so. At luncheon he appeared, and accosted the first lady at the table thus:

"'Were you the lady I told to go to the devil?'

"'No,' said this lady, and several others, all equally surprised and amused.

"At last, by a series of separate interrogations, he discovered the right lady. She responded, with an indignantly virtuous air:

"'Yes, I am the lady.'

"'Ah, then,' said the steward, 'the captain told me to tell you that you needn't go.'"

Collecting Statistics.

A Northern gentleman asked an old negro, who was the driver of a cart to which was attached a venerable mule:

"How old is that mule, my colored friend?"

"He am like yerself, boss, pretty well on in life."

"But how many years?"

"Same as you, boss—only two."—Texas Siftings.

They Keep Better Whiskey.

Anxious Wife—Doctor, my husband was delirious last night, and this morning he lies in bed and doesn't say anything.

Doctor—Fill this prescription, and he will be all right.

Anxious Wife—What drug store shall I take it to?

Doctor—You had better get it filled at a saloon.—Smith, Gray & Co.'s Monthly.

Now She Will Shop Industriously.

Cumso—You look sad. Have you heard bad news?

Fangle—Yes.

"What was it? Did your tailor tell you he wouldn't trust you any longer?"

"No; that wasn't it. My wife came in and told me that the manager of the largest dry goods store in town said my credit was good for anything in the store."—Smith, Gray & Co.'s Monthly.

It is in the Future.

Hunker—Hello, Ricketts, when is your marriage to Miss Munn coming off?

Ricketts—It has been indefinitely postponed.

"What's the trouble?"

"Oh, she married another fellow."—Harlem Life.

She Was Tautological.

"I told you yesterday that I would not marry you," said she.

"I know it," said he. "That is why I ask you again to-day. You would not be so lacking in originality, I hope, as to repeat to-day what you said yesterday."—Harper's Bazar.

Nature's Fun.

Jawkins—There's a good deal of humor in Mother Nature, if one only thinks of it.

Hogg—How so?

Jawkins—Why, for instance, it is the thickest wit that produces the thinnest joke.—Truth.

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and not one of us has had an attack of "richness" since. We further found that, unlike lard, Cottolene had no unpleasant odor when cooking, and lastly Mother's favorite and conservative cooking authority came out and gave it a big recommendation which clinched the matter. So that's why we always fry ours in Cottolene.

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RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

DELAWARE LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	NORTH. A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Northumberland	6 30	1 50		
Cameron	6 35	...	.....	5
Chulasky	6 40	...	.....	5 53
Danville	6 48	2 12	10 26	5 58
Catawissa	7 05	2 26	10 39	6 05
Rupert	7 12	2 31	10 44	6 23
Bloomsburg	7 20	2 36	10 49	6 29
Espy	7 27	2 43	....	6 35
Lime Ridge	7 34	2 50	.....	6 42
Willow Grove	7 38	2 54	.....	6 46
Briarcreek	7 41	....	.....	6 50
Berwick	7 48	3 04	11 12	6 56
Beach Haven	7 54	3 10	11 18	7 02
Hick's Ferry	8 00	3 17	...	7 09
Shickshinny	8 10	3 29	11 33	7 22
Hunlock's	8 21	3 39	...	7 32
Nanticoke	8 26	3 46	11 49	7 39
Avondale	8 30	3 51	...	7 43
Plymouth	8 38	3 56	11 56	7 48
Plymouth Junction	8 40	4 00	.....	7 52
Kingston	8 45	4 05	12 08	7 57
Bennett	8 49	4 08	12 06	8 02
Maltby	8 52	4 12	.....	8 07
Wyoming	8 56	4 17	12 13	8 12
West Pittston	9 01	4 22	.....	8 17
Pittston	9 08	4 30	12 22	8 25
Duryea	9 13	4 34	.....	8 29
Lackawanna	9 16	4 37	...	8 32
Taylorville	9 25	4 45	12 35	8 42
Bellevue	9 31	4 50	....	8 47
SCRANTON	9 35	4 55	12 48	8 52
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	M

STATIONS.	SOUTH. A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 00	9 50	1 35	6 07
Bellevue	6 05	9 55	....	.....
Taylorville	6 10	10 00	1 45	6 17
Lackawanna	6 18	10 07	1 52	6 24
Duryea	6 22	10 10	1 55	6 28
Pittston	6 28	10 14	2 00	6 31
West Pittston	6 33	10 20	2 06	6 38
Wyoming	6 40	10 25	2 11	6 43
Maltby	6 44	10 28	.....	.....
Bennett	6 48	10 32	2 19	6 50
Kingston	6 54	10 35	2 25	6 55
Plymouth Junction	6 59	10 39	2 29	....
Plymouth	7 04	10 44	2 34	7 01
Avondale	7 09	10 48	2 38	7 07
Nanticoke	7 14	10 52	2 42	7 12
Hunlock's	7 20	10 59	2 50	7 20
Shickshinny	7 31	11 09	3 01	7 30
Hick's Ferry	7 44	11 23	3 17	7 41
Beach Haven	7 54	11 32	3 25	7 47
Berwick	8 02	11 40	3 32	7 58
Briar Creek	8 09	....	3 40	....
Willow Grove	8 13	11 50	3 44	8 02
Lime Ridge	8 17	11 56	3 51	8 06
Espy	8 24	12 04	3 58	8 12
Bloomsburg	8 31	12 12	4 05	8 18
Rupert	8 37	12 18	4 12	8 23
Catawissa	8 42	12 23	4 18	8 28
Danville	8 57	12 37	4 32	8 43
Chulasky	9 03	.....	4 46	.....
Cameron	9 07	12 46	4 51	8 53
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 22	1 00	5 05	9 07
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with N. C. & R. Div. P. R. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

P. & R. R. R. DIV. AND N. C. RY

In effect May 22, 1892. Trains leave Sunda

EASTWARD

9:45 a. m. Train 14 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 3:00 p. m.; New York 5:50 p. m.; Baltimore, 3:10 p. m.; Washington 4:30 p. m. connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia Baltimore. Parlor car to Philadelphia.

1:55 p. m. Train 8, (Daily except Sunday,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6:30 p. m.; New York, 9:35 p. m.; Baltimore 6:45 p. m.; Washington 8:15 p. m. Parlor cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

5:25 p. m. Train 12 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10:55 p. m. Baltimore 10:40 p. m. Passenger coach to Philadelphia.

8:22 p. m.—Train 6, (Daily,) for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:25 a. m.; New York 7:10 a. m. Pullman sleeping car from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

1:50 a. m.—(Daily,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 a m., New York 9:30 a. m., Baltimore 6:20 a. m. Washington 7:30 a. m., Pullman sleeping cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

4:16 a. m.—Train 16 (Daily,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Baltimore 8:45 a. m. and Washington 10:06 a. m and Pullman sleeping cars to Baltimore, Washington, and Passenger coaches to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

2:04 a. m.—Train 9 (Daily except Sunday) for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches to Rochester.

5:10 a. m.—Train 3 (Daily,) for Erie, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9:56—Train 15 (Daily,) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1:35 p. m.—Train 11 (Daily except Sunday) for Kane, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Rochester.

5:30 p. m.—Train 1, (Daily except Sunday) Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

9:05 p. m.—Train 21, (Daily,) for Williamspo. and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 15—Leaves New York, 12:15 night, Philadelphia 4:20 a. m., Baltimore 4:40 a. m., Harrisburg, 8:10 a. m., daily arriving at Sunbury 9:55 a. m.

Train 11—Leaves Philadelphia 8:50 a. m., Washington 7:50 a. m., Baltimore 8:45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 1:35 with Parlor car from Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 1—Leaves New York 9:00 a. m., Philadelphia 11:40 a. m., Washington 10:50 a. m., Baltimore 11:45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury 5:30 p. m. with passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 21 leaves New York 2.00 p. m., Philadelphia 4:25 p. m., Washington 3:25 p. m., Baltimore 4:30 p. m. (Daily) arriving at Sunbury 9:05 p. m. Through Parlor car from Philadelphia. week days.

Train 9 leaves New York 6:30 p. m., Philadelphia 9:20 p. m., Washington 7:40 p. m., Baltimore 8:45 p. m., (Daily except Saturday,) arriving at Sunbury, 2:04 a. m. with Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches from Washington and Baltimore.

Train 3 leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10:00 p. m., Baltimore 11:20 p. m., (Daily,) arriving at Sunbury 5:10 a. m., with Pullman sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

SUNBURY BAZLETON, & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD, AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday)

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10:00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes Barre 12 10 p. m. Hazleton 12:15 p. m., Pottsville 1.25 p. m

Train 11 leaves Sunbury 5:35 p. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:26 p. m., Wilkes-Barre 7:30 p. m. Hazleton 7:58 p. m. Pottsville 9:05 p. m.

Train 8 leaves Wilkes-Barre 7:25 a. m. Pottsville 6:00 a. m., Hazleton 7:10 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 8:47 a. m., Sunbury 9:40 a. m.

Train 10 leaves Pottsville 1:50 p. m. Hazleton 3:04 p. m. Wilkes-Barre 3:12 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4:31 p. m., Sunbury 5:15 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10,00 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 12:10 p. m.

Train 26 leaves Wilkes-Barre 5:10 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:39 p. m., Sunbury 7:30 p. m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN R. R.

Taking effect MONDAY, NOV. 17, 1890.

STATIONS.	SOUTH. Ar. P. M.	Ar. P. M.	Ar. A. M.	Lv. A. M.	Lv. P. M.	Lv P. M.
Bloomsburg	6 28	12 10	7 15	8 35	2 35	5 40
Main Street	6 18	12 04	7 07	8 42	2 42	5 47
Irondale	6 16	12 00	7 04	8 45	2 45	5 50
Paper Mill	6 08	11 52	6 56	8 53	2 53	6 58
Lightstreet	6 06	11 49	6 53	8 56	2 56	7 12
Orangeville	5 51	11 38	6 43	9 05	3 07	7 06
Forks	5 45	11 27	6 33	9 15	3 17	7 20
Zaner's	5 42	11 24	6 30	9 20	3 20	7 24
Stillwater	5 37	11 19	6 25	9 27	3 25	7 29
Benton	5 28	11 09	6 16	9 37	3 33	7 39
Edsons	5 28	11 04	6 11	9 41	3 38	7 44
Coles Creek	5 20	11 02	6 09	9 44	3 42	7 48
Sugarloaf	5 18	11 00	6 03	9 48	3 46	7 52
Laubachs	5 12	10 54	6 00	9 53	3 50	7 57
Central	5 03	10 45	5 53	10 03	4 00	8 07
Jamison City	5 00	10 40	5 50	10 10	4 05	8 10
	Lv.	Lv.	Lv.	Ar	Ar.	

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
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BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY AT-LAW,
Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Rawlings' Building, 2nd floor,
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GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
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COMPANIES REPRESENTED.	ASSETS.
Firemans Fund, of San Francisco,	$2,845,839.62
Spring Garden, of Philadelphia,	$1,361,475.62
American Central, of St. Louis,	$1,472,081.81
North British and Mercantile, of London and Edinburg, Eng. U. S. Branch, New York City,	$3,432,583.62

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID AT THIS AGENCY. 5-18-1y.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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Office, North side Main St., below Market,
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DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office, North Market Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. WILLIAM M. REBER,
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Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

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Home, of N. Y.; Merchants', of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y.; Reading, Pa.; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, are liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

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PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILROAD.

AFTER MAY 15, 1892.

Trains leave Bloomsburg as follows: (Sundays excepted.)

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, etc., 6.10, 11.36 a. m.

For Williamsport, 7.45 a. m., 3.15 p. m. Sunday, 7.58 a. m., 4.28 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, 7.45 a. m., 3.15, 11.25 p. m. Sunday, 7.58 a. m., 4.28 p. m.

For Catawissa 6.10, 7.45, 11.36 a. m., 12.15, 5.00, 6.30 p. m. Sunday, 10,21 a. m. 7.03 p. m.

For Rupert 6.10, 7.45, 11.36 a. m., 12.15, 3.15, 5.00, 6.30, 11.15 p. m. Sunday 7.58, 10.21 a. m., 4.28 7.03 p. m.

Trains for Bloomsburg

Leave New York via of Philadelphia 7.45 a. m., 4.00 p. m. and via Easton 8.45 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.00 a. m., 6.00 p. m.

Leave Reading 11.50 a. m. 7.57 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.21 a. m., 9.28 p. m.

Leave Williamsport 9.50 a. m., 4.25 p. m. Sunday, 8.00 a. m., 4.25 p. m.

Leave Catawissa 7.00, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.19, 6.19 11.16 p. m. Sunday, 7.45 a. m., 4.15 p. m.

Leave Rupert 6.21, 7.08, 8.27, 11.43 a. m., 1.37, 3.27, 6.19, 11.25 p. m. Sundas, 7.59, 10.12 a. m. 4.22 p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Girard Avenue Station Phila. (P. & R. R. R.) 3.55, 8.01, 11.27 a. m., 1.37, 3.56, 5.42 7.18 p. m. Sundays 3.55, 8.02 11.27 a. m., 3.56, 5.42, 7.18 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street Wharf and South Street Wharf.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

Weekdays—Express, 9.00 a. m., 2.00, 4.00, 5.00 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a.m., 5.45, p. m. Sunday—Express, 9.00, a. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

Returning leave Atlantic City Depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas avenues.

Weekdays—Express, 7.00, 7.45 9.00 a. m. and 4.00 p. m. Accommodation, 8.10 a. m., 4.30, p. m. Sunday—Express, 4.00, p. m. Accommodation, 7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

I. A. WEIGARD, Pass. & Gen'l Manager. C. C. HANCOCK, Gen'l Pass. Agt

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BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FOR SALE.

Desirable vacant lots and a number of good houses and lots in Bloomsburg, Pa. The best business stand in Bloomsburg. A very desirable property containing 10 acres and first class buildings with good will in a business worth $1200 to $1500 per year at Willow Grove.

Dwellings in Espy, Orangeville and Beach Haven. A large number of farms in Columbia County, one in Luzerne County, one in Virginia. Two Country Store Stands in Columbia County and one in Luzerne County. A water power planing mill, dry dock and lumber yard and sheds in Beach Haven, Pa. Also 10 acres of good farm land at same place, by M. P. LUTZ & SON, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, BLOOMSBURG, PA. tf.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7TH.—Peter Dietterich will sell Household goods at his residence, Morgantown. Caneseat chairs, extension tables, &c.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22.—W. S. Hess, attorney-in-fact will sell on the premises in Centre township, three valuable tracts of land. Tract No. 1. —A farm of 79 acres. Tract No. 2. —A tract of 14 acres timber land; Tract No. 3.—Five acres of timber land. Sale to commence at 1 p. m. sharp.

FOR SALE.—A two-year old bay horse, coming 3 years old next May, weight 1000; and two spring colts about five months old. For sale by Wm. A. Kile, Guava, Col Co., Pa.

Oct. 7, 3t.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Estate of John Shuman, dec'd. Petition for citation filed, citation awarded to file account 30 days before next term.

Com. vs. Charles Strausser, assault and battery. A true bill.

Com. vs. F. L. Shuman assault and battery. Not a true bill and the prosecutrix Angelina Shuman to pay the costs.

Com. vs. F. L. Shuman, surety of the peace. The defendant appears in open court and furnishes bail in the sum of $500.

Com. vs. James R. Bibby, adultery, attachment against A. F. Harman, witness, returned by sheriff, after making diligent search and inquiry he was unable to find the witness.

Now, September 28, 1892, court read the law to the Grand Jury in reference to absconding witnesses, and directed the District Attorney to send an indictment to the Grand Jury against said A. F. Harman, with the said District Attorney as prosecutor and Harvey Low, John Mourey, J. H. Vastine and Lora Styers as witnesses. Eodie subpœna issued.

On the same day A. F. Harman appeared in open court and being called before the court said that he had no intention of absconding and disobeying the subpœna served upon him, but was informed upon inquiry made that the case would not be on trial till to-day. Whereupn the court excused him and directed the District Attorney not to send up an indictment against him, but that he pay the costs of attachment and subpœna.

Com. vs. Arthur Meredith, larceny and receiving stolen goods. A true bill.

Com. vs. Chas. Evans, assault and battery. A true bill.

C. H. Hendershott vs. Matilda Hendershott, subpœna in divorce. Robert Buckingham continued as commissioner.

Cora Crouse vs. Oscar Crouse, subpœna in divorce. Robert Buckingham appointed commissioner to take testimony.

Conrad Deitz appointed guardian of Tressa A. Swank, minor child of Elizabeth Deitz, dec'd.

Petition for partition of the estate of Thomas Lutz filed. Inquest awarded.

Following sheriff deeds acknowledged in open court.

Property of Orangeville Shoe M'f'g Co. to A. B. Stewart, consideration $10; A. R. Fedder to A. M. Bidleman, $20.40; David Doty to Frank M, Pealer, $775; George W. Koons to Robert P. Robinson, $45; John L. Curran to Citizens B. and L. Association of Centralia, $575; Margaret Murray to same, $76.

Com. vs. Frank McAfee, Wm. Stackhouse, Hudson Kline, Philip Conrad and Daniel Eckart, gambling. A true bill.

Com. vs. Wm. Henson, assault and battery with intent &c. True bill.

In the matter of petition of citizens of Catawissa for a borough. Report of Grand Jury as follows:

"Now Sept. 28, 1892, the Grand Jury of said county respectfully certify that after a full investigation of the case presented by the annexed petition to incorporate the village of Catawissa, a majority of said Grand Jury do find that the conditions prescribed by the Acts of Assembly in such case made and provided and relating thereto, have been complied with and believe thet it is expedient to grant the prayer of the petitioners. By direction of a majority of Grand Jurors.

Com. vs. Bibby, not guilty and Harvey Low, prosecutor to pay the costs.

GRAND JURY'S REPORT.

We have also examined the public buildings and find them in good condition. We recommend that there be a book rack put in the Recorder's office, also that the condition of the water closet on the first floor to be kept in a better condition."

DAVID YOST, foreman.

Com. vs. Frank McAfee, Wm. Stackhouse, Hudson Kline, Daniel Conrad. gambling, gave bail in the sum of $300 for appearance at next session.

Com. vs. Wm. Hunsinger, and B. true bill.

Com. vs. Chas. Strausser, assault and battery. The Jury find not guilty and each to pay half the costs.

Harvey Low discharged as an insolvent debtor.

Daniel Deckart gave bail in the sum of $300 for his appearance next term.

Com. vs. J. S. Mann, selling liquors to minors. The evidence in this was to the effect that S. W. Dickson Esq., the prosecutor, had given money to one of the witnesses, a minor, to buy the liquor with, and had requested three others to go to Mann's saloon, on January 23. All of them got beer, The court charged the jury that the prosecutor had gone too far, and directed a verdict of not guilty. The jury put the costs on the prosecutor. It also appeared that Mann and C. D. Fowler had endeavored to keep witnesses away from court, and indictments were directed to be drawn against them.

Com. vs. J. S. Mann. Inducing witnesses to abscond and disobey suopœna. The defendant gave bail in the sum of $300 for appearance at next term.

Com. vs. Chas. D. Fowler. Inducing witnesses to abscond and disobey subpœna. Defendant gave bail in sum of $300.

On Friday Judge Savidge filed the following opinion in the bridge case:

The endorsement "Filed August 8th, 1892," by the clerk on that date did not make the paper a record. If presented then the petition was immediately withdrawn without action thereupon by the court and the viewers were not appointed or the view ordered until the 23 of the same month. The first minute made by the clerk of the proceedings was on the 23 of August as appears by inspection of the record. There was no irregularity in the withdrawal of the petition and the securing of additional signatures thereto prior to Aug. 23, 1892.

The alleged interest of President Judge Ikeler was not such as to disqualify him from acting upon the petition and even if so, as the case stands, it must be taken as established that in point of fact, he did not act. The sworn answer affirms that the viewers were appointed by the associate Judges. In the absence of countervailing proof the responsive allegations of the answer must be taken as true. All action taken by the court has been free from error and wholly unexceptional.

It was urged that there was no such Quarter Sessions Court on Aug. 23, 1892, as had jurisdiction of the petition. Counsel for the rule contend that except during term time viewers may be appointed only at a special session called upon due notice. We do not agree to this proposition. At a regularly adjourned Quarter Sessions Court as was that of Aug. 23, all such business may be transacted as is not required by law to be done during term time. This was an adjourned court of previous term—a court for motions and arguments and at such court viewers may be appointed.

The rule to show cause why the petition should not be dismissed and all proceedings thereon set aside, is discharged at the cost of the petitioners for the rule.

By the Court

C. R. SAVIDGE, specially residing.

Com. vs. Charles Strausser, assault and battery, Mary Rogers the prosecutrix, discharged as an insolvent debtor.

Com. vs. Silas Hoffnagle, assault and battery, &c. Verdict, not guilty of first count, but guilty of second as indicted.

Com. vs. William Henson, assault and battery, &c. Verdict, not guilty and defendant and prosecutor H. F. Deitterick each to pay one half the costs. The defendant discharged as an insolvent debtor.

Com. vs. Arthur Meredith, larceny. Verdict not guilty.

Mertus E. Edwards appointed guardian of Minta O. Kuehn, Bruce Edwards, Laura Edwards, Pearc Edwards, Ross Edwards and Cora Edwards, minor children of Isaiah Edwards, dec'd.

Petition for re-sale, estate of O. A. Jacoby, granted.

Auditor's report, estate of Michael Feterolf, deceased, confirmed nisi, and auditor's report in Sheriff's sale, personal property of W. H. Llewellyn and real estate of Sober Bros., confirmed nisi.

Lavina Hill vs. Chas. B. Hill. Divorce decreed.

John G. Garson vs. Alice B. Garson. Libel in divorce. C. E. Geyer, Esq., appointed commissioner.

G. W. Supplee, Emanuel Kelchner and Henry Doak appointed viewers of a private road in Montour township near Isaac Mourey's

Auditor's report H. G. Creveling estate, confirmed nisi.

Report of viewers against a road in Briarcreek twp., confirmed nisi.

C. R. Paris & Co. vs. George Hohman. Plea of defendant withdrawn in open court by his attorney, whereupon court permits judgment to be entered for want of a plea, for $20.53.

Ash & Bros. vs. Berwick Water Co. Case continued at cost of plaintiffs.

Report of viewers in favor of a bridge over the Susquehanna River at Bloom Ferry, read in open court and confirmed nisi.

Clinton Ellis, tax collector of Catawissa, vs. Catawissa Deposit Bank. Assumpsit. Case called and jurors came. Jurors withdrawn and plaintiff takes a compulsory non suit.

Charter granted to St. Ignatius Cath. Total Abstinence B. Society of Centralia

When you come to the Fair come prepared to attend the Luther Lecture and Entertainment both nights, Oct. 11 and 12. Your money will be profitably spent and you will be greatly benefited by coming.

A man who practiced medicine for 40 years, ought to know salt from sugar; read what he says.

TOLEDO, O., Jan 10, 1887.

Messrs F. J. Cheney & Co.—Gentlemen:—I have been in the general practice of medicine for most 40 years, and would say that in all my practice and experience have never seen a preparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and its effects are wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh that it would not cure, if they would take it according to directions.

Yours truly.

L. L. Gorsuch, M. D.,
Office, 215 Summit St.

We will give $100 for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. 9-28-3t

COATS COATS

Our line of garments for Ladies and Children was never more complete. Best of workmanship, newest styles, and lowest of prices. All invited to call and see

H. J. CLARK & SON.

BRISTOR H.,

is a young stallion, two years old, owned by C. E. Hower of Bloomsburg. He was sired by the celebrated trotter, Frank M., some of whose colts have made great records. His dam is a Morgan mare with three minute record. Bristor H. will stand for the season of 1892 at the stable of C. E. Hower, Bloomsburg. Terms $25.00 tf.

Would you rather buy lamp-chimneys, one a week the year round, or one that lasts till some accident breaks it?

Common glass may break or not the minute you light your lamp; if not, the first draft may break it; if not, it may break from a mere whim.

Tough glass chimneys, Macbeth's "Pearl-top" or "Pearl-glass," almost never break from heat, not one in a hundred.

Where can you get it? and what does it cost?

Your dealer knows where and how much. It costs more than common glass; and may be, he thinks tough glass isn't good for his business.

Pittsburgh, Pa. GEO. A. MACBETH CO.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
—OF—
THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

AT BLOOMSBURG, IN THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, SEPTEMBER 30th, 1892.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$229,214.08
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	244.05
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000.00
U. S. Bonds on hand	10,000.00
Stocks, securities, etc.	103,380.00
Due from approved reserve agents	54,412.62
Due from other National Banks	19,212.42
Current expenses and taxes paid	2,505.88
Checks and other cash items	2,079.99
Bills of other Banks	880.00
Frac. paper currency, nickels and cents	176.25
Specie	8,740.00
Legal-tender notes	10,619.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation.	2,250.00
Total	493,444.29

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	50,000.00
Surplus fund	75,000.00
Undivided profits	24,983.31
National Bank notes outstanding	45,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	248,186.48
Certified checks	100.14
Cashier's checks outstanding	3,817.90
Due to other National Banks	49,412.31
Due to State Banks and bankers	3,994.15
Total	493,444.29

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } ss.
COUNTY OF COLUMBIA, }

I, E. B. Tustin, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly affirm that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. B. TUSTIN, Cashier.

Subscribed and affirmed to before me this 5th day of Oct., 1892

S. F. PEACOCK, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:

L. W. McKELVY,
E. W. M. LOW,
MYRON I. LOW,
} Directors.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd. cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

WANTED Wide-awake workers everywhere for "SCHEPP'S Photographs of the World"; the greatest book on earth; costing $ 00,000; retail at $2.25. SCHEPP'S cash or installments; mammoth illustrated circulars and terms free; daily output over 1500 volumes. Agents wild with success. Mr. THOS. L. MARTIN, Centreville, Texas, PHOTOGRAPHS days; Miss cleared $711 in 9 ROSE ADAMS, Wooster, O., $23 in 40 minutes; Rev. J. HOWARD MADISON, Lyons, New York., $101 in 7 hours; a bonanza; magnificent outfit only $1.00. Books on Credit. Freight paid. Address Globe Bible Publishing Co., of the WORLD. 713 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa., or 318 Dearborn St., Chicago Ill. 9-30-30t.

Cook's Cotton Root COMPOUND.

A recent discovery by an old physician. *Successfully used monthly by thousands of ladies.* Is the only perfectly safe and reliable medicine discovered. Beware of unprincipled druggists who offer inferior medicines in place of this. Ask for COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND, *take no substitute*, or inclose $1 and 6 cents in postage in letter, and we will send, sealed, by return mail. Full sealed particulars in plain envelope, to ladies only, 2 stamps. Address POND LILY COMPANY, No. 3 Fisher Block, Detroit, Mich.

AN UGLY COUGH yields at once to Dr. Hoxie's CERTAIN CROUP CURE

Contains no opium. Causes no nausea. 50 cents. Sold by prominent druggists throughout the State.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

The Consumptive and Feeble and all who suffer from exhausting diseases should use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Female weakness, Rheumatism and Pain. 50c. & $1.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15cts. at Druggists.

SOMETHING NEW.

The Celebrated "Clauss" Bread, Cake and Paring Knife Manufacturers want agents in every locality to handle these knives. Best thing in the market. Present agents clear from $10 to $15 daily. Send $1.00 for sample set. THE CLAUSS SHEAR CO., Fremont, O.

Fashionable Livery.

The well known horseman has opened a fashionable livery in connection with his boarding stable at the Exchange Hotel Stables, where fine turnouts can be obtained, single or double. He has well broken and safe saddle and driving horses for ladies, all at reasonable rates. Orders left at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention. Drivers furnished when desired.

tf W. A. HARTZELL, Proprietor.

Here is what the *Mifflintown Herald* has to say about it:

"Mrs. Monroe as a lecturer is a success. Her manners are easy and her enunciation clear and distinct. She has traveled a great deal, visited the classic scenes made memorable by Luther's life and achievements, and can describe them so well that when you see them on the curtain you almost imagine they are real.

You can scarcely afford to deny yourself so rich a treat, intellectually and morally. It is so vivid and impressive a representation of the Reformation, the greatest of all religious movements, that you will learn to love the church and her doctrines more than ever. So come to the Luther Entertainment.

Of Interest to Young Men.

Young men desiring a successful start in business life should write to Palms Business College, 1709 Chestnut St, Philadelphia, for handsome circulars, which will be sent free, provided you name this paper. This institution issues a Life Scholarship for Fifty Dollars, and secures situations for its graduates. This is a rare chance for those who wish to become bread winners.

EQUESTRIAN LIVERY.

Charles E. Hower has opened a livery stable at the rear of his premises on Third street, where he keeps saddle horses to hire. He has five head, well broken, safe for ladies and children. Thus far he has been well patronized. He will accompany those who are just learning to ride, if desired. tf.

Deserving Praise.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits.

C. A. Kleim, Druggist.

New goods in fall and winter millinery at E. Barkley's. Prices very reasonable. Main below Market Street. 9-30-2t.

POPE SAID:— "Hope springs eternal in the human breast; Man never is, but always to be, blessed."

You don't feel well, but you think you will be all right after a while. You go on that way from month to month, and the chances are that you grow worse. You may wait too long. If you have headache, indigestion, nervousness, loss of physical or mental power, poor memory, weak back or limbs—a general "run down" sort of feeling, you need

BRAINOLINE.

It has proved a priceless Blessing to many, many people. It is a vitalizer. It supplies needed elements of nutrition. It is gentle, but sure. Is sold on a positive guarantee. We don't want your money if we can't help you.

If your druggist don't have it write to us. Securely mailed for $1.00; 6 for $5.00.

STANLEY MEDICINE COMPANY,
STAR DRUG STORE, 62 South Main Street. WILKES-BARRE.

Fall Season of '92 at Lowenberg's

THIS WELL KNOWN

CLOTHING HOUSE

needs no Flashy Heading in making its announcement

FOR THE COMING SEASON.

Its previous reputation for

HONESTY AND UPRIGHTNESS

gained by an existence of almost a half a century are sufficient assurance that this policy will be continued. Case after case, filled with all the prevalent styles of the trade is being received.

Nobby Clothing, Stylish Hats and Novelties in Furnishings. In the

Custom Tailoring Department

Will be found all the newest shades and you will be surprised at the phenomenally low prices you can get.

FINE TAILOR MADE GARMENTS.

CALL WHILE THE ASSORTMENT IS COMPLETE

and make your selection at the old established stand of

The D. LOWENBERG *Estate.*

Fine Clothiers at Low Prices. Bloomsburg, Pa.